## **RESULTS**

Table (4): Comparison of Endothelin-1 (pg/ml) between studied groups:

		RDS			
Samples	Control	Normal	Caesarian	$\mathbf{F}$	р
		labor	section		
First samples:					
Range	4.6-8.2	5.3-11.2	4.8-11.3		
Mean	6.16	5.26	10.04	21.544	0.001*
SD	1.25	1.85	0.82		
Second samples:					
Range	3.1-5.1	4.2-8.2	6-8.4		
Mean	4.01	0.24	7.08	33.369	0.001*
SD	0.63	1.15	0.74		
t	4.830	4.142	10.391		
p	0.001*	0.001*	0.001*		

<sup>\*</sup> Significant

Scheffe test: Each group significantly different from other groups.

This table shows that first samples ET-1 level were higher than second samples ET-1 levels in control group and RDs group (p<0.01).

Table (5): Comparison of Endothelin-1 (pg/ml) between studied samples in relation to severity:

Complex		17	n		
Samples	Mild	Moderate	Severe	F	P
First samples:					
Range	5.3-9.8	7.6-10.6	9.7-11.3		
Mean	7.64	9.31	10.64	17.895	0.001*
SD	1.63	1.04	0.55		
Second samples:					
Range	4.2-7.2	4.9-7.6	7.1-8.4		
Mean	6.01	6.31	7.75	15.412	0.001*
SD	0.89	0.87	0.44		
t	3.292	7.320	13.028		
p	0.004*	0.001*	0.001*		

<sup>\*</sup> Significant

- First sample: mild significantly different from both moderate and severe.
- Second sample: severe significantly different from both mild and moderate.

This table shows that plasma endothelin-1 levels were significantly higher in babies with severe respiratory distress compared to babies with moderate and mild respiratory distress (p<0.01).

Babies with moderate respiratory distress had significantly higher levels compared to babies with mild distress.

<sup>\*</sup> Scheffe test:

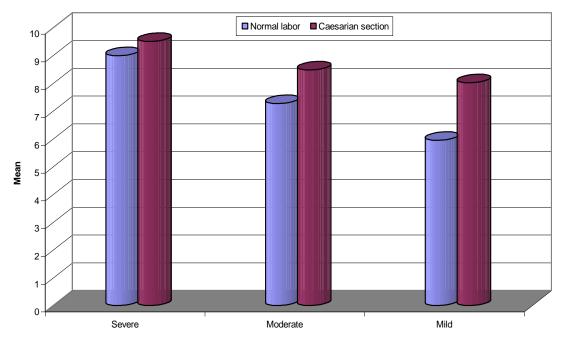


Figure (1): Comparison of endothelin-1 (pg/ml) in relation to type of labor and severity

Table (6): Comparison of gestational age and weight between studied samples in relation to severity.

N/andallar	RDS Severity				X <sup>2</sup> !	$\mathbf{X}^2$ #
Variables	Control	Mild	Moderate	Severe	A:	<b>A</b> #
Gestational age:						
Range	33.40	32.35	31.34	30.33		
Mean	37.40	33.50	32.09	31.10	33.114*	16.869*
SD	1.65	1.09	0.94	1.10		
Weight in Kg:						
Range	3.1-3.9	1.2-2.8	1.2-1.7	1.0-1.5		
Mean	3.56	1.68	1.39	1.28	30.531*	12.455*
SD	0.28	0.52	0.17	0.15		

<sup>\*</sup> Significant Kruskal-Wallis test at p<0.001

This table shows that babies with severe respiratory distress had significant lower gestational ages and birth weights than controls and babies with mild and moderate respiratory distress.

<sup>!</sup> Comparison between all studied groups.

<sup>#</sup> Comparison between patients with RDS only.

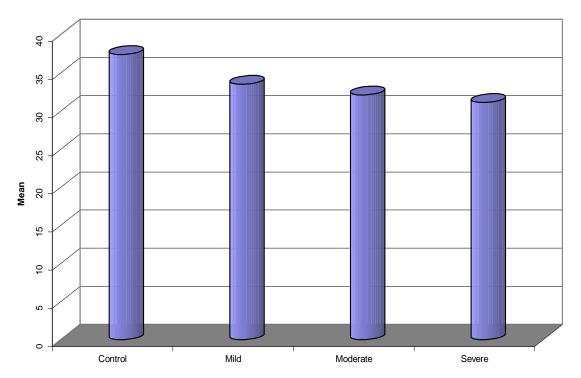


Figure (2): Comparison of gestational age in weeks between studied groups

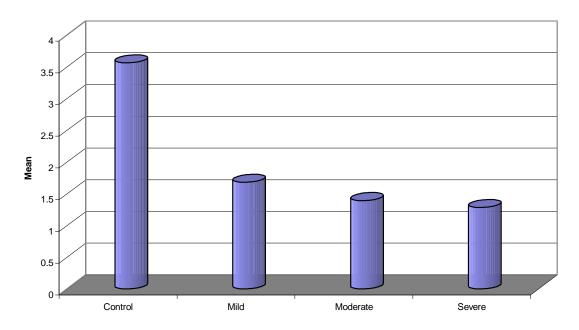


Figure (3): Comparison of birth weight in relation to severity

Table (7): Comparison of Apgar score between the studied samples in relation to severity.

Maniah las	RDS Severity				$X^2$ !	$\mathbf{X}^2$ #
Variables	Control	Mild	Moderate	Severe	<b>A</b> :	<b>A</b> #
Apgar score 1						
minute:						
Range	6-7	4-7	4-6	3-5		
Mean	6-7	5.79	4.91	3.7	26.866*	16.168*
SD	0.48	1.12	0.94	0.67		
Apgar score 5						
minutes:						
Range	8.9	6-9	7-8	6-8		
Mean	8.8	7.93	7.55	7.10	17.122*	3.888
SD	0.42	1.07	0.52	0.88		

<sup>\*</sup> Significant Kruskal-Wallis test at p<0.001

This table shows that, babies with severe and moderately severe respiratory distress had significantly lower Appar scores at 1 minute compared to controls and to babies with mild respiratory distress.

Also, Apgar score at 5 minutes were significantly lower in babies with severe respiratory distress compared to babies with moderate and mild respiratory and control babies.

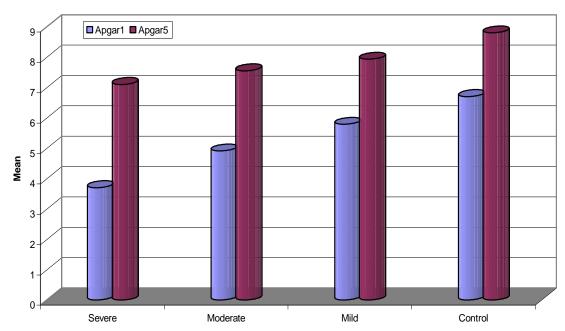


Figure (4): Comparison of Apgar score between studied groups in relation to severity

Table (8): Comparison of FiO<sub>2</sub> between the studied samples in relation to severity.

	RDS Severity			$\mathbf{X}^2$	
Variables	Mild	Moderate	Severe	A	p
FiO <sub>2</sub>					
Range	30-50	50-80	70-100		
Mean	40.36	67.73	85.00	27.975	0.001*
SD	7.46	9.84	9.13		

<sup>\*</sup> Significant Kruskal-Wallis test at p<0.001

This table shows that, the  $fiO_2$  was significantly higher in babies with severe respiratory distress tress compared to those with moderate and mild respiratory distress.

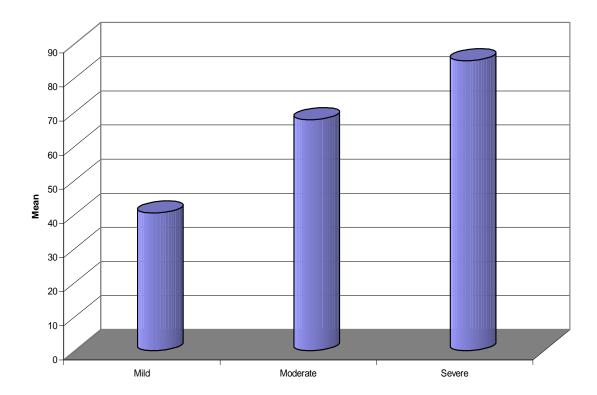


Figure (5): Comparison of  $FiO_2$  in relation to severity

Table (9): Correlation between Endothelin-1 and studied variables among control group.

Wastables	Endothelin-1		
Variables	R	p	
Gestational age	-0.916	0.001*	
Body weight	-0.974	0.001*	
Apgar score at 1 minute	-0.151	0.677	
Apgar score at 5 minutes	-0.165	0.649	

<sup>\*</sup> Significant

This table shows that there is no significant correlation between endothelin-1 levels and gestational age among control group ("r" = -0.916). Also, the table shows that there is no significant correlation between endothelin-1 levels and birth weight ("r" = 0.974).

The table shows, as well, that there is negative significant correlation between -1 levels and Appar score at 1 minute and at 5 minutes ("r" = -0.151 & -0.165)

Table (10): Correlation between Endothelin-1 and studied variables among patients group.

Wantables	Endothelin-1		
Variables	R	p	
Gestational age	-0.794	0.001*	
Body weight	-0.911	0.001*	
Apgar score at 1 minute	-0.912	0.001*	
Apgar score at 5 minutes	-0.771	0.001*	
FiO <sub>2</sub>	0.864	0.001*	
Silverman score	0.826	0.001*	

<sup>\*</sup> Significant

This table shows that there is significant negative correlation between endothelin-1 levels in patient groups and each of gestational age ("r" = -0.794), birth weight ("r" = -0.911), Apgar score at minute ("r" = -0.912) and Apgar scoire at 5 minutes ("r" = -0.771), while there is significant positive correlation between endothelin-1 level and (FiO<sub>2</sub> ("r" = 0.826).