

Table (1): Distribution of psychiatric nursing students according to educational qualification.

Educational qualification	psychiatric nursing Students (n= 85)			
	N	%		
Secondary School Certificate.	66	77.7		
Technical Health Institute Diploma.	19	22.3		

Table (1) showed that the educational qualification of the majority of nursing students was secondary school certificate compared to those with technical health institute diploma. The distributions of students with secondary school certificate were: 77.7%, while the students with technical health institute diploma 22.3%.





Table (2): Mean scores of students Knowledge and concept about critical thinking and it's relation to nursing process in the study and control groups before and after the program.

Item	Pre-program Study group	Post-program Study group	Pre-program Control group	Post-program Control group		
	N =42	N = 42	N =43	N = 43		
	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean \pm SD	Mean ± SD		
Matching question about nursing process	$\boldsymbol{0.88 \pm 1.04}$	2.43 ±0.67	1.27±1.16	49.V.0		
Paired T Test: P-Value:	8.4 < 0.		· ·	07 0.05		
Fill in the blank	0.86 ± 0.90	5.17 ±2.08	1.60 ± 1.63	2.67±1.90		
Paired T Test P-Value:	18 < 0.		3.56 < 0.01			
III-chose correct answer(about nursing process& critical thinking)	5.00 ±2.65	13.1±1.74	6.30 ±2.65	7.00 ±2.01		
Paired T Test P-Value:	14 < 0.		1.37 < 0.05			
True and false: (about nursing process& critical thinking)	5.62 ±9.21	8.21 ±1.18	3.16 ±1.63	4.42 ± 1.71		
Paired T Test: P-Value:	1.' > 0			44 0.01		
Matching question about critical thinking	2.5 ±2.31	3.38±1.01	1.35 ±1.37	1.14 ±1.06		
Paired T Test: P-Value:	2.3 < 0	-	0.75 > 0.05			
Total score of test	71.3±23.7	166.2 ±28.6	76.3 ± 23.5	82.7± 28.4		
Paired T Test: P-Value:	18 < 0.		1.36 > 0.05			

Table (2): this table reveled that there was a statistical significance difference between pre and post program study group about total score of knowledge and concept of critical thinking ($\mathbf{p} < 0.05$, < 0.001). Meanwhile no statistical significance difference between there knowledge and concept about critical thinking in relation to *true and false* question, in addition, this table showed that there was no significance difference between pre and post control group knowledge and concept about critical thinking ($\mathbf{p} > 0.05$). Meanwhile there was significance difference between their knowledge and concept in relation to point of *Fill in the blank and true and false* question ($\mathbf{p} < 0.01$).





Table (3): Comparison of "California Critical Thinking Disposition Inventory" for studied and control group at pre and post program.

	Pre-program Study group	Post-program Study group	Pre-program Control group	Post-program Control group		
Item	N = 42	N = 42	N =43	N = 43		
	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD		
Truth Seeking	35.95 ± 6.30	49.31± 6.18	32.91±7.94	32.91±32.90		
Paired T Test: P-Value:	-	.94 .001		00. 0.05		
Open-mindedness	33.74±5.89	52.83 ± 6.45	32.72± 7.14	32.56± 7.31		
Paired T Test P-Value:		.93 .001	142. > 0.05			
Systematically	25.88± 3.97	43.81± 4.63	8.05 ± 33.28	33.14±7.93		
Paired T Test P-Value:		.25 .001	075. > 0.05			
Inquisitiveness	35.17±4.85	42.97±4.54	30.65 ± 7.96	30.51±7.69		
Paired T Test: P-Value:		62 .001	087. > 0.05			
Self-Confidence	33.98±6.92	43.36±4.24	31.05±10.44	30.60±11.62		
Paired T Test: P-Value:		94 .001		39. 0.05		
Analyticity	31.12±4.38	45.05±4.24	33.30±8.67	33.09 ±8.71		
Paired T Test: P-Value:		.34 001		21. .05		
Maturity	1.45 ± 0.55	38.14±6.14	29.84 ± 7.56	30.0± 7.56		
Paired T Test: P-Value:		.00 .001	091. > 0.05			
Total score of CCTDI scale	225.02 ± 18.81	315.48 ± 18.79	223.7±26.58	222.8±20.48		
Paired T Test: P-Value:		.28 .001		0. 0.05		

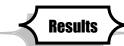
Table (3): this table showed that there were highly statistical significance differences in relation to all items of *Critical Thinking Disposition Inventory* among studied group in pre and post program (p < 0.001). While this table showed that there was no significance difference between pre and post control group in relation to all items of *Critical Thinking Disposition Inventory* (p > 0.05)





Table (4): The dispositional level of the psychiatric and mental health nursing students before and after the program toward "California Critical Thinking Disposition Inventory"

Item	Pre-program Study group N=42 N=42 N=04		Contro	Pre-program Control group N=43		Post-program Control group N=43				
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%		
		1-	Truth Seeki	ng						
-Negative	10	23.8	1	2.4	22	51.2	22	51.2		
-Ambivalence	24	57.1	2	4.9	11	25.6	13	30.2		
-Positive	8	19.0	39	92.9	10	23.3	8	18.6		
2-Open-mindedness										
-Negative	11	26.2	0	0.0	21	48.8	21	48.8		
-Ambivalence	26	61.9	0	0.0	14	32.6	14	32.6		
-Positive	5	11.9	42	100.0	8	18.6	8	18.6		
		3-	Systematic	ally						
-Negative	34	81.0	0	0.0	17	39.5	17	39.5		
-Ambivalence	8	19.0	13	31.0	13	30.2	13	30.2		
-Positive	0	0.0	29	69.0	13	30.2	13	30.2		
		Ir	nquisitivene	SS						
-Negative	6	14.3	0	0.0	18	41.8	15	34.9		
-Ambivalence	27	64.3	12	28.6	11	25.6	14	32.6		
-Positive	9	21.4	30	71.4	14	32.6	14	32.6		
		5-9	self confide	nce						
-Negative (-)	12	28.6	0	0.0	18	41.9	15	34.9		
-Ambivalence	22	52.4	26	61.9	15	34.9	15	34.9		
-Positive	8	19.0	16	38.1	10	23.2	13	30.2		
			6-analyticit	y						
-Negative	16	38.1	0	0.0	19	44.2	19	44.2		
-Ambivalence	25	59.5	3	7.1	13	30.2	13	30.2		
-Positive	1	2.4	39	92.9	11	25.6	11	25.6		
			7-maturity.							
-Negative	24	75.1	4	9.5	27	62.8	30	69.8		
-Ambivalence	17	40.5	21	50.0	9	20.9	5	11.6		
-Positive	1	2.4	17	40.5	7	16.3	8	18.6		
			Total Score							
-Negative	16	38.1	2	4.8	0	0.0	04	9.3		
-Ambivalence	26	61.9	4	9.5	38	88.4	35	81.4		
-Positive	0	0.0	36	85.7	5	11.6	4	9.3		



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Table (4): illustrated that the majority of study group after implement the program got positive and ambivalence dispositional level toward systematically and self –confidence (69.0% and 61.9%) respectively. While more than three quarter of study group after implement the program got positive dispositional level toward Inquisitiveness (71.4%).and majority of study group after implement the program got positive dispositional level toward truth seeking, open-mindedness, analyticity and total score of California Critical Thinking Disposition Inventory "(92.9%),(100.0%),(92.2%) and (85.7%) respectively. While more than half of control group after implement the program got negative dispositional level toward truth seeking and maturity (51.2%) and (69.8%) respectively, while majority of control group were ambivalence dispositional level toward total score of California Critical Thinking Disposition Inventory (88.4%).





Table (5): Comparison of mean scores of Clinical performance competence in the study and control groups before and after the program.

_	Pre-program Study group	Post-program Study group	Pre-program Control group	Post-program Control group		
Item	N =82	N = 82	N =83	N = 83		
	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD	Mean ± SD		
Assessment	4.83±2.36	9.88 ±1.56	6.53 ± 2.423	6.58±3.22		
Paired T Test:		.58		72.		
P-Value:		.001 8.02± 2.48		5.62+2.04		
Planning Paired T Test	2.45± 2.78	8.02± 2.48 68	4.12± 2.22	5.63±3.04 51		
P-Value:		.001		0.05		
Recording	1.38± 1.38	4.67 ±0.93	1.77 ± 1.15	2.67±1.39		
Paired T Test	13	.33	2.	95		
P-Value:	< 0.	.001	< 0.	.005		
Evaluation	000.±000.	3.74±1.47	000.±000.	000.±000.		
Paired T Test:		.52		-		
P-Value:		<0.001		-		
Cognitive	0.5±0.86	6.74±1.61	1.37 ±1.17	2.81±2.58		
Paired T Test: P-Value:		.88 .001		58 .001		
Effect	1.88 ±1.11	7.14±1.33	2.07 ±1.30	3.56 ±2.40		
Paired T Test:		0.0				
P-Value:		.001	4.07 < 0.001			
Affect	10.67 ±1.42	17.95 ±0.96	10.84 ±2.38	12.30 ±1.96		
Paired T Test:	27	.76	3.	26		
P-Value:	< 0	.001	< 0	0.05		
Psychomotor	8.69 ±1.77	20.38 ± 1.48	8.74 ±1.79	12.05 ± 3.40		
Paired T Test:		.21		87.		
P-Value:		.001		0.001		
Safety	3.74 ± 0.83	4.69 ± 0.46	3.67 ± 0.84	3.30 ± 1.01		
Paired T Test:		99		725		
P-Value:	< 0.	.001	>0	0.05		
Assistant needed	5.00 ±000.	5.00±000.	5.00 ± 000 .	5.00 ± 000 .		
Paired T Test		-		-		
P-Value:		-		-		
Total Nursing care	39.95 ±5.29	90.98 ±4.30	45.07 ± 4.68	55.65 ± 9.00		
Paired T Test		.21		505		
P-Value:	< 0.	.001	< 0.	.001		

Table (5) pointed that the general improvement in performance competence to nursing care plan mean scores of study group in all items after implementation the program with a highly statistical significance differences at assessment, planning, recording, evaluation, cognitive, effect, affect, psychomotor, safety and total nursing care (p<0.001) respectively. Moreover, there was a statistical significance difference between pre and post program control group about their clinical performance, while there was no statistical significance differences in their clinical performance at point of assessment and safety (p >0.05).



Table (6): Distribution of the study and control group about their clinical performance in pre and post- program phases

Item	Pre-pro Study (N=4	group Study group		Contro	Pre-program Control group N=43		Post-program control group N=43				
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%			
			Asse	ssment							
-Fail	37	88.1	5	11.9	33	76.7	8	18.6			
Pass	5	11.9	7	16.7	8	18.6	32	74.4			
Good	0	0.0	23	54.8	2	4.7	1	2.3			
Very Good	0	0.0	7	16.7	0	0.0	2	4.7			
Excellent	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Planning											
- Fail	37	88.1	11	26.2	36	83.7	30	69.8			
Pass	9	9.5	22	52.4	5	11.6	10	23.3			
Good	11	2.4	7	16.7	2	2.7	2	4.7			
Very Good	0	0.0	2	4.8	0	0.0	1	2.3			
Excellent	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Recording											
-Fail	33	78.6	0	0.0	31	72.1	12	18.6			
Pass	5	11.9	5	11.9	9	20.9	22	51.1			
Good	3	7.1	11	26.2	3	7.0	3	7.0			
Very Good	1	2.4	26	61.9	0	0.0	4	9.3			
Excellent	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	4.7			
			Inter	vention							
-Fail	22	52.4	1	2.4	16	37.2	24	55.8			
Pass	13	31.0	2	4.8	15	34.9	4	5.3			
Good	6	14.3	12	28.6	11	25.6	7	16.3			
Very Good	1	2.4	18	42.9	1	2.3	1	2.3			
Excellent	0	0.0	9	21.4	0	0.0	7	16.3			
			Eva	luation							
-Fail	42	100.0	23	54.8	43	100.0	43	100.0			
Pass	0	0.0	4	9.5	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Good	0	0.0	14	33.3	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Very Good	0	0.0	1	2.4	0	0.0	0	0.0			
Excellent	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0			
			Cog	ynitive							
-Fail	42	100.0	6	14.3	34	79.1	33	76.7			
Pass	0	0.0	7	16.7	8	18.6	7	18.6			
Good	0	0.0	13	31.0	1	2.3	1	2.3			
Very Good	0	0.0	13	31.0	0	0.0	2	4.7			
Excellent	0	0.0	3	7.1	0	0.0	0	0.0			



Item	Pre-pro Study (N=/	group				Pre-program Control group N=43		Post-program control group N=43		
	N	%	N		%		N	%	N	%
	Effect									
-Fail	42	100.0	6	1	4.3	4	13	100.0	36	83.7
Pass	0	0.0	14	3	33.3	(0	0.0	5	11.6
Good	0	0.0	22	5	52.4	(0	0.0	2	4.7
Very Good	0	0.0	0		0.0	(0	0.0	0	0.0
Excellent	0	0.0	0		0.0	(0	0.0	0	0.0
			A	ffect	i					
-Fail	32	76.2		0	0.0		43	100.0	31	72.1
Pass	10	23.8		0	0.0		0	0.0	9	20.9
Good	0	0.0		4	9.5		0	0.0	3	7.0
Very Good	0	0.0	1	12	28.6		0	0.0	0	0.0
Excellent	0	0.0	2	26	61.9		0	0.0	0	0.0
	Psychomotor									
-Fail	42	100.0)	3	7.1		16	37.2	14	33.3
Pass	0	0.0	1	10	33.3		15	34.9	16	38.1
Good	0	0.0	2	28	66.7		11	25.5	11	26.2
Very Good	0	0.0		0	0.0		1	2.3	1	2.3
Excellent	0	0.0		1	2.4		0	0.0	0	0.0
			S	afety	ı					
-Fail	42	100.0) 4	12	100.0)	43	100.0	43	100.0
Pass	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
Good	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
Very Good	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
Excellent	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
		a	ssista	nt n	eeded					
-Fail	42	100.0) 2	12	100.0)	43	100.0	43	100.0
Pass	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
Good	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
Very Good	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
Excellent	0	0.0		0	0.0		0	0.0	0	0.0
		Tota	Nurs	ing (Care Pi	an				
Independent	0	0.0		1	2.4		0	0.0	0	0.0
Supervised	0	0.0		2	4.8		0	0.0	0	0.0
Assisted	0	0.0	3	32	76.2		0	0.0	9	20.9
Marginal	0	0.0		7	16.6		0	0.0	2	4.7
Dependent	42	100.0)	0	0.0		43	100.0	32	74.4

Table (6) pointed that more than half of study group were pass in relation to planning (52.4%), and more than half were good in relation to assessment, effect, and psychomotor (54.8%),(52.4%), (66.7%) respectively after program, also more than half of study group were very good and excellent in relation to recording and affect,(61.9%), (61.9%) respectively. While more than three quarter of study group were assisted at score of total nursing care plan, (76.2%), majority of this group failed to take safety measures and assistant needed (100.0%). while more than half of control group were failed in relation to planning, intervention (69.8%), (55.8%) respectively. While more than three quarter were pass in relation to assessment, Cognitive and Dependent at total score in nursing care plan (74.4%), (76.7%) and (74.4%) respectively. Finally majority of control group were failed in relation to effect, safety measure and assistant needed (83.7%), (100.0%) and (100.0%) respectively.

Table (7): The relationship between knowledge about critical thinking and nursing process and education levels in psychiatric nursing students.

Total score test	Educat					
about critical thinking before	_	school on(n=66)	Diploma ((n:	X²	P	
program	No	%	No	%		
Fail	41	62.1	10	52.6		
Acceptance	25	37.9	8	42.1	3.	76
good	0	0.0	0	0.0	>0	0.05
Very Good	0	0.0	1	5.3		
Excellent	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	

Table (7) showed that the difference between knowledge about critical thinking and nursing process in relation to educational levels in psychiatric nursing students. The result revealed that there was no significant difference was found between diploma and higher school nurses in relation to knowledge about critical thinking and nursing process in relation to educational levels in psychiatric nursing students, (X^2 3.76, P > 0.05)

Table (8): comparison between critical thinking disposition inventory among Diploma of nursing and high school education before program

	Fducati	on levels o	f psychiatric	: nursina							
	Indout		ts (n= 85)	o iidi oilig							
Scale Before Program	high school education(n=66)		Diploma o (n=	X ²	P						
	No	%	No	%							
1-Truth Seeking											
-Negative (-)	28	42.4	4	21.1							
-Ambivalence	28	42.4	9	47.4	3.99	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	10	15.2	6	31.6							
	2-0	pen-minde	dness								
-Negative (-)	27	40.9	5	26.3							
-Ambivalence	28	42.4	12	63.2	2.55	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	11	16.7	2	10.5							
	3-	Systematic	ally								
-Negative (-)	40	60.0	11	57.9							
-Ambivalence	15	22.7	6	31.6	0.85	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	11	16.7	2	10.0							
	4-	Inquisitive	1ess								
-Negative (-)	19	28.8	5	26.3							
-Ambivalence	28	42.4	10	52.6	0.70	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	19	28.8	4	21.1							
	5-:	self confide	ence								
-Negative (-)	21	31.8	9	47.1							
-Ambivalence	33	50.0	4	21.1	5.10	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	12	18.2	6	31.6							
		6-analytici	ty								
-Negative (-)	27	40.9	8	42.1	0.25						
-Ambivalence	29	43.9	9	47.4	0.27	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	10	15.2	2	10.5							
		7-maturity	1								
-Negative (-)	42	63.6	9	47.4	3.35						
-Ambivalence	17	25.8	9	47.4		> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	7	10.6	1	5.2							
	Tot	al Score (C	CTDI)								
-Negative (-)	13	19.7	3	15.8							
-Ambivalence	48	72.7	16	84.2	1.82	> 0.05					
-Positive (+)	5	7.6	0	0.0	1						

Table (8) showed that comparison between critical thinking disposition inventory among Diploma of nursing and high school education before program.

The result revealed that there was no statistical significant difference between high school and Diploma of nursing regarding all item and total score of the California critical thinking disposition inventory ($X^21.82 P > 0.05$).



Table (9): The impact of the program on the student's knowledge about critical thinking, nursing process and California critical thinking disposition inventory in study group.

Total again of toat	Total	score o						
Total score of test after Program	Negative µ n=2		_	Ambivalence n=4		Positive n=36		P
	No	%	No	%	No	%		
Acceptance	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	11.1		
Very good	1	50.0	1	25.0	15	41.7	1.52	> 0.05
Excellent	1	50.0	3	75.0	17	47.2		

Table (9) clarified the impact of the program on the student's knowledge about critical thinking, nursing process and California critical thinking disposition inventory scale in study group. The result revealed that there was no significant difference between knowledge about critical thinking, nursing process and California critical thinking disposition inventory scale in study group (X^2 1.52, P > 0.05)





Table (10): The impact of the program on the student's knowledge about critical thinking, nursing process and Clinical performance competence in study group after program.

Total score of test	Total Cli Af					
after Program		ginal :10		sted 32	X²	P
	No	%	No	%		
Acceptance	0	0.0	4	12.5		
Very good	6	60.0	11	34.4	2.75	> 0.05
Excellent	4	40.0	17	53.1		

Table (10) showed the impact of the program on the student's knowledge about critical thinking, nursing process and Clinical performance competence in study group after program. The result revealed that there was no significant difference on the student's knowledge about critical thinking, nursing process and clinical performance competence in the study group after the program.



Table (11): The relationship between critical thinking and Clinical performance competence among studied group after program.

Total score of California critical	Aft	Total Clinical performance competence After Program In study group					
thinking disposition inventory scale after		ginal :10		sted 32	X ²	P	
program	No	%	No	%			
Negative	1	10.0	1	3.1			
Ambivalence	1	10.0	3	9.4	0.81	> 0.05	
Positive	8	80.0	28	87.5			

Table (11) showed the relationship between critical thinking and Clinical performance competence in study group after program. The result illustrated that the higher percentage at total score of critical thinking after program for positive related to assist (87.5%), also there was higher for positive at marginal (80.0%). $(X^2 0.81, P>0.05)$.