CONTENTS

List of contents	Раде
Introduction	1
Aim of the work	3
Review of literature:	4
Pharmacology of anticoagulants	4
Heparin induced thrombocytopenia	31
Diagnosis and monitoring of HIT	47
Treatment of HIT	59
Patients and methods	73
Results	78
Discussion	90
Conclusion	95
Recommendation	96
Summary	97
References	98
Arabic summary	

LIST OF TABLES

Tables No.	list of tables of review	Page
Table 1:	Heparin dosing monogram	8
Table 2:	Pharmacokinetics of DITs	21
Table 3:	Causes of thrombocytopenia	34
Table 4:	Types of heparin induced thrombocytopenia	36
Table 5:	The "4 T's" Assessment point system for patients with suspected HIT	50
Table 6:	Guidelines for platelet count monitoring for HIT	53
Table 7:	Venous and arterial thrombosis associated with heparin- induced thrombocytopenia and thrombosis syndrome (HITT)	85
Table 8:	Treatment protocol for bivalirudin anticoagulation during cardiopulmonary bypass	64
Table 9:	Dosing adjustment for lepirudin	67
Table 10:	Fondaparinux as a potential treatment for HIT	70
Table 11:	Treatment of HIT according to 4T scores system	71
Table 12:	The 4T score system	74
Table 13:	Demographic and baseline characteristics	79
Table 14:	HIT according to platelet count	80
Table 15:	Platelets count at baseline and follow up	81
Table 16:	HIT according to age	83
Table 17:	HIT according to sex	83

Table 18:	HIT according to type of treatment	83
Table 19:	HIT according to type of heparin	83
Table 20:	HIT according to previous exposure to heparin	84
Table 21:	HIT in pregnant and non pregnant females	84
Table 22:	HIT according to site of thrombosis	84
Table 23:	Clinical probability of HIT	85
Table 24:	Predictors of HIT	85

LIST OF FIGURES AND GRAPHS

Figure No.	List of figures	Page
Fig. (1):	Mechanism of action of heparin	6
Fig. (2):	Mechanism of action of direct thrombin inhibitors as compared with heparin	20
Fig. (3):	Mechanism of thrombosis in HIT	40
Fig. (4)	Model of HIT antibody interactions with endothelial cells	41
Fig. (5):	Model of pathogenesis in HIT and thrombosis	41
Fig. (6):	Assay for testing heparin-dependent antibodies associated with HIT	56
Fig. (7)	Algorithm outlining care of patients with heparin- induced thrombocytopenia	60
Graph. (1)	HIT according to platelet count	86
<i>Graph.</i> (2)	study group according to final results	86
Graph. (3)	clinical probability of HIT	87
Graph. (4)	HIT according to age	87
Graph. (5)	HIT according to sex	87
Graph. (6)	HIT according to type of treatment	88
Graph. (7)	HIT according to type of heparin	88
Graph. (8)	HIT according to previous exposure to heparin	88
<i>Graph.</i> (9)	HIT according to site of thrombosis	89
Graph. (10)	Treatment of HIT	89
Graph. (11)	Outcome of HIT	89

LIST OF ABBREVIATION

ACS..... Acute coronary syndrome

ACT..... Activating clotting time

ADP..... Adenosine diphosphate

AF..... Atrial fibrillation

APTT..... Activated partial thromboplastin time

AT III..... Anti thrombin III

CPB..... Cardiopulmonary bypass

DA..... Dalton

DIC..... Disseminated intravascular coagulopathy

DTI..... Direct thrombin inhibitors

DVT..... Deep venous thrombosis

ECT..... Ecarin clotting time

EDTA..... Ethylenediaminetetraacetic

EIA..... Enzyme immunoassay

ELISA..... Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay

FDA..... Food and drug administration

HIPA..... Heparin induced platelet activation

HIT..... Heparin induced thrombocytopenia

HS..... Heparin sulfate

ICU..... Intensive care unit

IG..... Immunoglobulin

INR..... International normalized ratio

IV..... Intravenous

LMWH..... Low molecular weight heparin

NSAIDS...... Non steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

PCI..... Percutaneous coronary intervention

PF4..... Platelet factor 4

PT..... Prothrombin time

SC..... Subcutaneous

TEC..... Thromboembolic complication

TMB..... Tetramethyle buzidine

TT..... Thrombin time

TTP..... Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura

TXA2..... Thromboxane A2

UFH...... Unfractionated heparin

U/H..... Unit/hour

US..... United States