

SUMMARY

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The present thesis was conducted to evaluate the merits of radiology in the diagnosis of obstructive air way disease and its complications using the plain films and bronchography.

The historical review included definitions of obstructive air way disease, contributing factors in pathogenesis of the disease and short description of the bronchial anatomy and clinical symptoms and signs as well as the pathological changes .

The radiological appearance of each variety of the obstructive air way disease and its complications were explained in this thesis together with some cases as a demonstration .
