

The study focused on the part of vices-Directorate of Al-Gharbya in the Egyptian parliament, in an attempt to identify the role of the territory's participation in political and public life, the Egyptian parliamentary life in 1866 during the era of Khedive Ismail and through the study of parliamentary development until the year 1914 of Representatives and assemblies of the period, the Shura Council laws and the House of Representatives and the Shura Council of the the General Assembly and the Legislative Assembly had been explained, It was the beginning of dealing with the election battles from 1924 elections until 1931 elections as well as the 1936 elections and until 1950 it was subjected to tendencies and trends of the candidates for both candidates for both candidates Senate and their quest for the largest number of voters in various ways and to try to weaken the rival candidates were the work of propaganda against them. And it has been taking care of the Senate's role and deputies in political issues and the most important of it is the national issue and the Palestine issues and other issues, and the most important parliamentary committees which they have taken part in, and they interested in economic issues, which showed the features of the economic life of Egypt, through the discussions of Al-Gharbya participation in the exposure of deputies And the extent of their agriculture, industry, many of the economic issues, which included items and commerce, and transportation And discussion the budget their opinions in it. As well as focus on the status of tourism in Egypt, and they discussed the social issues, and many aspects of Egyptian discussion of those social life and the efforts they have made in the :aspects and to provide solutions to them, One of the most important education, health, personnel issues and security issues, judicial legislation, and intellectual issues, and they interested in solving the multiple problems of the province, led by agriculture, transportation, health and the establishment of mosques and the reconstruction and focus on the status of education, security and litigation.