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AHMAD HASSAN AL SAYYAD

## **AIM OF WORK**

The purpose of this work is to provide an overview of hip impingement syndrome depending on good understanding of the condition as it was difficult to be diagnosed in the past, showing types, ideal methods of diagnosis and proper management of such cases.

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***Fig.(17)*** Femoral correction usually involves trimming of the aspherical portion of the head, normally located anterosuperiorly.

***Fig.(18)*** Patient in a lateral decubitus position with the right hip marked. Note the trochanter and the anterosuperior iliac spine with the portals marked out.

***Fig.(19)*** Right hip with the arthroscope in the anterolateral portal; the needle is in the posterolateral portal and the anterior portal.