**Table (1):** Comparison between maternal and gestational age among cases and control

		Maternal Age (years)	Gestational Age (weeks)		
	Mean	27.13	39.00		
	SD	4.31	1.02		
Cases					
	Min	22	38		
	Max	34	41		
	Mean	26.20	39.33		
	SD	3.93	1.18		
Control					
	Min	20	38		
	Max	32	41		
P val	ue	<u>0.473</u>	0.358		

There was a non significant difference of maternal age among the studied cases when compared to those of the control group (P > 0.05)

There was also a non significant difference of gestational age among the studied cases when compared to those of the control group

(P > 0.05)

**Table (2):** Comparison between weight, length and head circumference among cases and control

		Weight (kg)	Length (cm)	Head circ (cm)		
	Mean	3.20	48.90	34.28		
	SD	0.33	1.67	0.69		
Cases						
	Min	2.6	46	33		
	Max	3.7	52	35		
	Mean	2.98	49.47	34.33		
	SD	0.42	1.19	0.79		
Control						
	Min	2.2	47	33		
	Max	3.6	51	35		
P val	lue	0.097	0.198	0.837		

There was a non significant difference in the mean  $\pm$  SD of the anthropometric measures of the cases when compared to the control group (P > 0.05)

**Table (3):** Distribution of maternal problems among cases and controls.

	Cases	3	Conti	ol
Maternal illness	Number	%	Number	%
АРН	3	10.00	0	0.00
Breach	3	10.00	0	0.00
MAS	4	13.33	0	0.00
Obstructed	3	10.00	1	6.67
PROM	9	30.00	2	13.33
No maternal problems	8	26.67	12	80.00
Total	30	100	15	100

As regard the maternal illness PROM was reported in 9 cases (30%) followed by MAS which was reported in 4 cases (13.33%). APH, obstructed labour and breach delivery were reported in 3 cases (10%) respectively. Mothers without any maternal problems were reported in 8 cases (26.67%). on the other hand, Obstructed delivery was present in 6.67%, PROM was present in 13.33% and 80% were without any history of maternal problems among the control group.

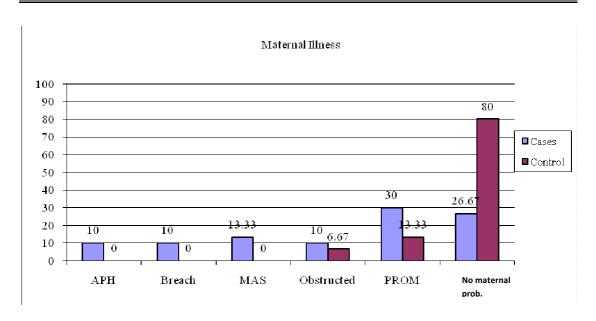


Fig (1): Distribution of maternal problems among cases and controls

**Table (4):** Gender distribution among cases and controls.

	Cases	}	Conti	ol
Gender	Number %		Number	%
Males	23	76.67	6	40.00
Females	7	23.33	9	60.00
Total	30	100	15	100

As regard the gender distribution among the studied cases 76.67% were males and 23.33% were females while 40% were males and 60% were females among the control group.

**Table (5):** Mode of delivery among cases and controls.

	Cases		Conti	ol
Mode Of Delivery	Number %		Number	%
NVD	15	50.00	6	40.00
CS	15	50.00	9	60.00
Total	30	100	15	100

Fifty percent of the cases were delivered by CS while 60% were delivered by CS among the control group and 50% of the cases were delivered by NVD while 40% were delivered by NVD among the control group.

Table(6):Distribution of cases according to sarnat classification.

	Cases	
	Number	%
HIE 1	10	33.33
HIE 2	12	40.00
HIE 3	8	26.67
Total	30	100

The table shows that ten cases were HIE stage 1, twelve cases were HIE stage 2 and eight cases were HIE stage 3

Table(7):Distribution of seizures among cases and control

	Cases		
Seizures	Number	0/0	
Peresent	16	53.33	
Absent	14	46.67	
Total	30	100	

The table shows that seizures was present in 53.33% of the cases

**Table (8):** Comparison between blood gases among cases and control

		PH	PCO2 mmHg	PO2 mmHg	HCO3 Meq/L	
	Mean	7.08	55.95	75.43	39.90	
	SD	0.09	6.49	10.09	5.99	
Cases						
	Min	6.9	48	50	30	
	Max	7.2	70	91	53	
	Mean	7.39	41.84	94.76	31.73	
	SD	0.03	8.58	3.88	6.04	
Control						
	Min	7.33	21.3	89	18.9	
	Max	7.45	48	100	39.9	
P val	ue	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	

There was a significant change in the mean  $\pm$  SD of the blood gases parameters among cases when compared to those of the control group (P > 0.05)

**Table (9):** Comparison between studied parameters among cases and control

		Na	K	ALT	AST	
		mmol/L	mmol/L	U/L	U/L	
	Mean	138.53	3.86	34.17	37.10	
	SD	3.61	0.40	26.16	2.98	
Cases						
	Min	134	3.4	12	32	
	Max	145	4.8	88	42	
	Mean	141.00	4.09	26.47	37.07	
	SD	4.88	0.61	10.11	2.81	
Control						
	Min	134	3.3	13	32	
	Max	149	5.1	39	42	
P va	alue	0.097	0.201	0.201	0.971	

There was a non significant difference in the mean  $\pm$  SD of serum level of Na, K, ALT and AST levels between cases and controls (P > 0.05)

Table(10):Comparison between CBC,CRP and Apgar at 5 minutes among cases and control.

		Hb g/dl	RBCs X10 <sup>6</sup> /mm <sup>3</sup>	WBCs X 10 <sup>3</sup> /mm <sup>3</sup>	PLT X10 <sup>3</sup> /mm <sup>3</sup>	CRP	Apgar 5min.
	Mean	13.33	4.54	11.95	163.97	13.6	5.97
	SD	1.38	0.61	3.69	66.63	11.02	1.54
Cases							
	Min	11	3.5	7.6	85	6	3
	Max	15.3	6.3	17.3	290	48	8
	Mean	14.2	4.73	12.62	236.6	6.8	10.00
	SD	2.11	0.45	2.86	70.74	2.11	0.00
Control							
	Min	12	4.1	7.8	150	6	10
	Max	18	5.3	17.2	360	12	10
Pv	alue	0.165	0.226	0.509	0.003	0.003	0.0001

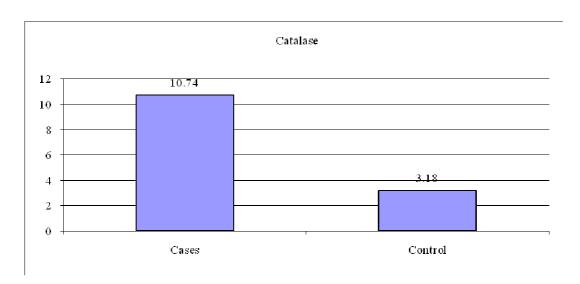
There was a highly significant difference in Apgar at 5 minutes between cases and control (P < 0.01)

There was a highly significant difference in both CRP and PLT between cases and control (P  $\!<\!0.01)$ 

**Table (11):** Comparison between serum Catalase levels among cases and control

		Catalase (unit / nmol / min / ml)
	Mean	10.74
	SD	1.65
Cases		
	Min	6.825
	Max	13.925
	Mean	3.18
	SD	0.71
Control		
	Min	2.265
	Max	4.665
P va	alue	0.0001

There was a highly significant difference in the mean  $\pm$  SD of serum catalase levels among cases (10.74  $\pm$  1.65unit/nmol/min/ml) when compared to the control group (3.18  $\pm$  0.71unit/nmol/min/ml) (P < 0.01)



 ${\bf Fig}(2): {\bf Comparison}$  between serum Catalase levels among cases and control

**Table (12):** Comparison between the serum catalase levels among the studied groups

		Catalase (unit/nmol/min/ml)	P value
	Mean	8.98	
********	SD	1.17	
HIE 1 (n = 10)			
(n = 10)	Min	6.825	
	Max	10.345	
	Mean	10.90	
HHE 2	SD	0.36	
HIE 2 (n = 12)			
()	Min	10.45	
	Max	11.605	
			< 0.01
	Mean	12.68	
HIE 3	SD	0.75	
$(\mathbf{n} = 8)$			
,	Min	11.725	
	Max	13.925	
	<b></b>		<b>_</b>
	Mean	3.18	<u></u>
Control	SD	0.71	<u>-</u>
$(\mathbf{n} = 15)$			<b>_</b>
	Min	2.265	<b>_</b>
	Max	4.665	

There was a highly significant difference in the mean  $\pm$  SD of serum catalase levels among HIE 1 (8.98  $\pm$  1.17unit/nmol/min/ml), HIE 2 (10.90  $\pm$  0.36unit/nmol/min/ml), HIE 3 (12.68  $\pm$  0.75unit/nmol/min/ml) and the control group (3.18  $\pm$  0.71unit/nmol/min/ml) (P < 0.01)

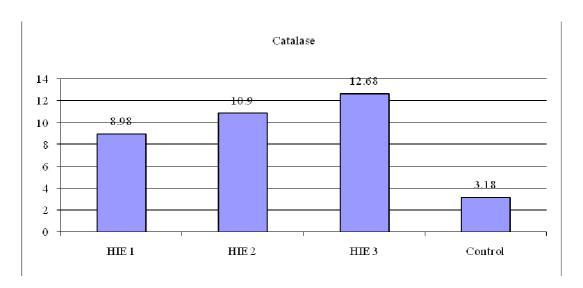


Fig (3): Comparison between the serum catalase levels among the studied groups

**Table (13):** Comparison between serum catalase levels among NVD versus CS

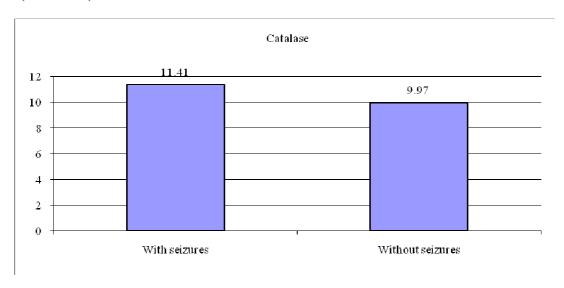
		Catalase
		(unit/nmol/min/ml)
	Mean	10.30
	SD	1.73
NVD cases		
	Min	6.825
	Max	12.885
CS cases	Mean	11.17
	SD	1.50
	Min	8.6
	Max	13.925
P	value	0.153

There was a non significant difference in the mean  $\pm$  SD of catalase among cases delivered by CS (11.17  $\pm$  1.50unit/nmol/min/ml) when compared to those delivered by NVD (10.30  $\pm$  1.73unit/nmol/min/ml) (P > 0.05).

**Table (14):** Comparison between serum catalase levels among cases with and without seizures.

		Catalase (unit/nmol/min/ml)
With seizures no.(16)	Mean	11.41
	SD	1.22
	Min	9.72
	Max	13.925
Without seizures no.(14)	Mean	9.97
	SD	1.78
	Min	6.825
	Max	12.69
P valu	e	0.0184

There was a highly significant difference of serum catalase levels among cases with seizures when compared to the cases without seizures



Fig(4) : Comparison between serum catalase levels among cases with and without seizures.

**Table (15):** Correlation between serum Catalase levels and other studied parameters among cases.

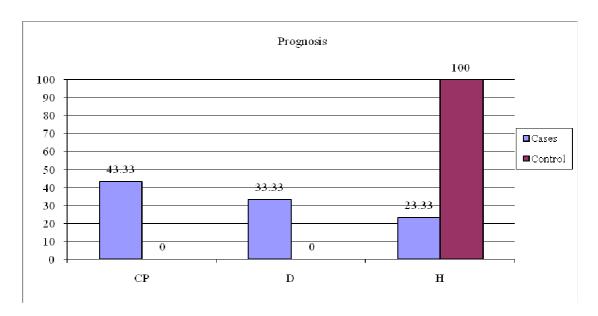
	Catalase ( r value)	P value
Maternal Age	0.199	> 0.05
Gestational Age	0.135	> 0.05
Weight	0.095	> 0.05
Length	-0.082	> 0.05
Head circ	-0.208	> 0.05
HR	0.142	> 0.05
RR	0.262	> 0.05
Тетр	0.175	> 0.05
Apgar 5	-0.412	> 0.05
РН	-0.331	> 0.05
PCO2	0.170	> 0.05
PO2	-0.178	> 0.05
НСО3	0.197	> 0.05
Hb	0.124	> 0.05
RBCs	0.330	> 0.05
WBCs	-0.187	> 0.05
PLT	-0.224	> 0.05
CRP	0.123	> 0.05
Na	0.033	> 0.05
K	-0.103	> 0.05
ALT	0.010	> 0.05
AST	0.073	> 0.05

There was no significant correlation between serum catalase levels and the levels of the studied parameters among cases

Table (16): Prognosis among cases and controls.

	Cases		Control	
Prognosis	Number	%	Number	%
СР	13	43.33	0	0.00
D	10	33.33	0	0.00
Н	7	23.33	15	100.00
Total	30	100	15	100

As regard the prognosis, 43.33% of the cases developed CP, 33.33% died and 23.33% survived. On the other hand, 100% of the controls survived.



Fig(5): Prognosis among cases and controls.

**Table (17):** Comparison between serum catalase levels among different prognosis of hypoxic ischemic encephalopathy

Catalase	healthy	die	СР
Mean	8.83	11.40	11.25
SD	1.33	1.51	1.13
F value	9.67		
Pvalue	0.0007		

The tables shows that serum catalase levels were higher in the cases that died ( $11.40\pm1.51$ unit/nmol/min/ml) or suffer from CP( $11.25\pm1.13$ unit/nmol/min/ml) than the healthy cases( $8.83\pm1.33$ unit/nmol/min/ml).