## **Summary**

4,5,6,7-Tetrabromo-2-[4-(4-chloro-benzylidene)-5-oxo-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-ylmethyl]-isoindole-1,3-dione (1) was obtained from the condensation of aromatic aldehydes with aroylglycine, via Erlenmeyer synthesis.

It reacts with primary amines namely, (propyl amine, pentyl amine, hexyl amine, p-nitroaniline, p-anizidene, p-phenylene-diamine) in DMF solution to give the corresponding 3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-N-alkyl-2-[2-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-ylacetylamino]-acryl amide (**2a-f**).

The oxazolone (1) reacts with secondary amines namely, piperidine to yield N-[2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(piperidine-1-carbonyl)-vinyl]-2-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-yl)-acetamide (3).

Compound (1) reacts with amino acids in DMF to give the corresponding {3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-[2-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-yl)-acetyl-amino]-acryloylamino}-acetic acid (4,5).

It reacts with hydrazine hydrate in DMF solution to give the corresponding N-[2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-hydrazinocarbonyl-vinyl]-2-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-yl)-acetamide (6). Similarly, it condensed with phenyl hydrazine in boiling DMF and yielded the corresponding N-[2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(N'-phenyl-hydrazino-carbonyl)-vinyl]-2-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-yl)-acetamide (7).

N-[2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(N'-phenyl-hydrazino-carbonyl)-vinyl]-2-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-yl)-acetamide (7) were readily cyclised by treatment with acetic acid and anhydrous sodium acetate to give the corresponding triazines (8a, 8b).

4,5,6,7-Tetrabromo-2-[4-(4-chloro-benzylidene)-5-oxo-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-ylmethyl]-isoindole-1,3-dione (1) reacts with hydroxylamine hydrochloride in boiling pyridine and DMF to give 4-arylidene-1-hydroxy-2-aryl-5-imidazolones (9).

1-hydroxy-5-imidazolone derivative (9) reacts with hydrazines in ethanol or acetic acid to give 1,2,4-triazine derivatives (8a).

Compound (1) reacts with sodium azide in acetic anhydride to give 3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-[5-(4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1,3-dioxo-1,3,3a,7a-tetrahydro-isoindol-2-ylmethyl)-tetrazol-1-yl]-acrylic acid (10).

2N-(pht-amino acid) and 2N-(tos-amino acid) imidazolones (**20a-d**), (**21a-d**) were prepared via the carbodiimide method. Imidazolone derivatives are dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (THF) and coupled with a solution of pht-and/or tos-amino acid in tetrahydrofuran and N,N-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) added to yield the compounds (**20a-d**), (**21a-d**).

Synthesis of 2-(aminoacyl) imidazolones (**22a-d**) were performed by hydrazinolysis of the corresponding pht-amino acid imidazolones derivatives (**20a-d**).

The structure of all the synthesized derivatives is established by:

(i) Elemental analysis, (ii) IR, (iii) NMR, (iv) Mass spectra. Biological activities of the synthesized compounds have been investigated and the results are cited in test.