

References

1. **Ajay Malhotra, Frank J. Minja, Alison Crum and Delilah Burrowes (2011):** Ocular Anatomy and Cross-Sectional Imaging of the Eye. *Seminars in Ultrasound, CT, and MRI* Volume 32, Issue 1, Pages 2-13
2. **Alexandrakis G and Johnson TE (2000):** Recurrent orbital solitary fibrous tumor in a 14-year-old girl. *Am J Ophthalmol.* 130 (3): 373–376.
3. **Arat YO, Mawad ME and Boniuk M (2004):** Orbital venous malformations – Current multidisciplinary treatment approach. *Arch Ophthalmol.* 122 (4):1151-1158.
4. **Atlas SW, Stark DD & Bradlry WG (1992):** Orbit in Magnetic Resonance Imaging, 2nd. Pp.988-1028.
5. **Aviv RI and Casselman J (2005):** Orbital imaging: Part 1. Normal Anatomy. *Clinical Radiology*, 60: 279-289
6. **Aydin MD, Yildirim U, Gundogdu C, Dursun O, Uysal HH and Ozdikici M (2004):** Malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor of the orbit: case report and literature review. *Skull Base: An Interdisciplinary Approach.* 14 (2): 109-114.
7. **Bahn RS (2002):** Pathophysiology of Graves' ophthalmopathy: the cycle of disease. *The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism.* 88(5):1939–1946.
8. **Bhagotra S, Sharma AK & Puri Y (2004):** Evaluation of Orbital diseases by Computed Tomographic Examination. *North Zone Ophthalmological Society, India* Vol. 14 No. 1, Januray.
9. **Becelli R, Carboni A, Cassoni A, Renzi G and Iannetti G (2002):** Pleomorphic adenoma of the lachrymal gland: presentation of a clinical case of relapse. *The Journal of Craniofacial Surgery.* 13 (1): 49-52.
10. **Belden JC (2002):** MR imaging of the globe and optic nerve. *Magn Reson Imaging Clin N Am*, 10: 663-678.
11. **Ben Simon, Christine C. Annunziata, James Fink, Robert A and Goldberg (2005):** Rethinking Orbital Imaging. *the American Academy of Ophthalmology*, Volume 112, Number 12 :2196–2207
12. **Boonman Z M, Keizer R W, Graniewski-Wijnands H S & Watson P G (2003):** Orbital myositis in scleritis. *Br.J.Ophthalmol*; 87:38–42
13. **Carrasco JR and Penne RB (2004):** Optic nerve sheath meningiomas and advanced treatment options. *Curr Opin Ophthalmol.* 15(1):406–410.
14. **Chavis PS (2002):** Thyroid eye disease. *Curr Opin Ophthalmol.* 13:352–356.
15. **Chen C, Wai Y, Wang L and Wong Y (2001):** MRI of intraosseous dural arteriovenous malformation: findings in two cases. *Journal of Computer Assisted Tomography.* 25(1):133–136.
16. **Chilakapati ME, Kwong HF, Mark JR, Chévez BP and David KC (2006):** Recurrent orbital cellulitis from Medscop ophthalmology; 34,133-145.
17. **Chisin R and Macapinlac A (2000):** The indications of FDG-PET in neck oncology. *Radiol Clin N Am.* 38 (1): 999–1012.

18. **Cho CH and Merritt J (2001):** Orbital proptosis: what an imager must know. *The Radiologist*. 8 (2): 239 -241.
19. **Chuman H, Trobe JD, Petty EM, Schwarze U, Pepin M, Byers PH and Deveikis JP (2002):** Spontaneous direct carotid-cavernous fistula in ehlers-danlos syndrome type IV two case reports and a review of the literature. *J Neuro-Ophthalmol*. 22 (1): 75–81.
20. **Chun-Hsi Liu, Lih Ma, Wan-Jen Ku & Ling-Yuh Kao (2004);** Bilateral Idiopathic Sclerosing Inflammation of the Orbit: Report of Three Cases. *Chang Gung Med J* 27:758-65
21. **Cruz A, Akaishi PMS, Elias J and Chahud F (2003):** Sclerosing inflammation in the orbit and in the pterygopalatine and infratemporal fossae. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg*. 19 (3): 201–206.
22. **Danhert & Wolfgang (2007):** Radiology Review Manual, 6th Edition.
23. **Davies PEJ, Davis GJ, Dodd T and Selva D (2002):** Orbital lipomatous haemangiopericytoma: an unusual variant. *Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology*. 30 (2): 281–283.
24. **Deangelis D and Hurwitz J (2001):** Lacrimal Gland Tumors. eMedicine Journal. Available at: www.emedicine.com/oph/topic758.htm.
25. **Demer J and Dushyanth A (2011):** T2-weighted fast spin-echo magnetic resonance imaging of extraocular muscles *Journal of AAPOS* 2011;15:17-23
26. **Dutton JJ and Waldrop TG (1994):** Atlas of Clinical and Surgical Orbital Anatomy. WB Saunders Company, 1st edition.
27. **Dutton JJ (1999):** Orbital Imaging technique. In Yanoff M and Duker J (eds): *Ophthalmology*. Philadelphia, Mosby press.
28. **Dutton J J and Escaravage G K (2011):** Pediatric Orbital Tumors, Oncology Series 6, DOI 10.1007/978-1-4419-0374-7_3, *Springer Science+Business Media*, LLC
29. **El-Gabaly H, Abdel Wahab M, Vrgnaud J and El Hoshy M (1983):** Computed Tomography of the orbit (Normal orbital anatomy), *Bull Ophthalmol. Soc. Egypt*; 76,141-149.
30. **Evans RW and Schiffman JS (2005):** Headache as the only symptom of a spontaneous dural carotid-cavernous fistula. *Headache*. 45 (3):1256-1259.
31. **Finger Paul, William Harbour, and Zeynel Karcioğlu (2002):** Risk Factors for Metastasis in Retinoblastoma. *Surv Ophthalmol*. 47: 1–16
32. **Fischbein J.N & Simon M.E (2002):** Three dimensional high resolution magnetic resonance imaging of ocular and orbital malignancy. *Arch Ophthalmology*, 120: 747-754.
33. **Frangiomi JV (2008):** New technologies for human cancer imaging. *Clinical Oncology* 26:4012–4021
34. **Friedman David P. and Hollander Ichael D. (1998):** Neuroradiology Case of the Day. *RadloGraphics*. 18:1046-1048
35. **Gallucci M, Capoccia S & Catalucci A (2005):** Radiographic Atlas of Skull and Brain Anatomy.

36. **Galluzzi P, Cerase A, Hadjistilianou T, De Francesco S, Toti P, Bracco S, Gennari P, Ginanneschi C and Venturi V (2003):** Retinoblastoma: abnormal gadolinium enhancement of anterior segment of eyes at mr imaging with clinical and histopathologic correlation. *Radiology*. 228 (2): 683–690.
37. **Garrity JA and Forbes GS (2005):** Computed tomography of the orbit. In: Tasmman W, Jaeger E, editors. *Duane's Clinical Ophthalmology*. Philadelphia: Lippincott-Raven, 254-267.
38. **Garvey CJ (2002)** Computed tomography in clinical practice. *BMJ* 324:1077–1080
39. **Gayed I, Eskandari MF & McLaughlin P (2007):** Value of positron emission tomography in staging ocular adnexal lymphomas and evaluating their response to therapy. *Ophthal Surg Lasers Imaging* 38:319–325
40. **Geetika Khanna, Yutaka Sato, Richard J. H. Smith, Nancy M. Bauman and Jeffrey Nerad (2006):** Causes of Facial Swelling in Pediatric Patients: Correlation of Clinical and Radiologic Findings. *RadioGraphics*, 26, 157-171
41. **Giaconi JA, Kazim M, Rho T, and Pfaff C (2002):** CT Scan evidence of dysthyroid optic neuropathy. *Ophthalmic Plast Reconstr Surg*. 18 (3): 177-182.
42. **Gigantelli JW, Kincaid MC and Soparkar CN (2001):** Orbital solitary fibrous tumor: radiographic and histopathologic correlations. *Ophthalmic Plast Reconstr Surg*. 17 (4): 207–214.
43. **Haaga JR, Ianzieri CF and Gilkason RC (2003):** CT and MR imaging of the whole body;14,474-494.
44. **Hampson G and Petruzzelli GJ (2008):** Orbit Anatomy. *eMedicine Journal*. Available at: <http://www.emedicine.com/>
45. **Harrington J, Phillpotts B, Talavera F and Pharm D (2005):** Orbital cellulites. *eMedicine Specialties ,Ophthalmology , Orbit*.13,65-66.
46. **Hart L (2005):** Primary care for patients with neurofibromatosis 1. *The Nurse Practitioner*. 30 (6): 38-43.
47. **Henkelman RM, Stanisz GJ, and Graham SJ (2001):** magnetization transfer in MRI:a review *NMR Biomed*. 14:57–64
48. **Hilal SK and Trokel SL (1997):** Computerized tomography of the orbit using thin sections. *Semin Roentgenol*; 12, 137-147.
49. **Hon Vu Duong Hv and Copeland R (2002):** Arterial Supply, Orbit. *eMedicine Journal*. Available at: <http://www.emedicine.com/oph/topic 2. htm>.
50. **Hu H, He HD, Foley WD and Fox SH (2000):** Four multidetector-row helical CT: image quality and volume coverage speed. *Radiology*. 215 (1): 55–62.
51. **Imtiaz A. Chaudhry (2011):** Thyroid associated orbitopathy: Understanding Pathophysiology. *Saudi Journal of Ophthalmology* 25, 1–2
52. **Jackson LE and Rosenberg SI (2002):** Pleomorphic adenoma of the lateral nasal wall. *Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg*. 127 (2):474-6
53. **Jacobs D and Galetta S (2002):** Diagnosis and management of orbital pseudotumor. *Curr Opin Ophthalmo*. 13 (2): 347–351.

54. **Jang J, Kie JH, Lee SY, Kim SJ, Lew H, Hong SW, and Spoor TC (2001):** Acinic cellcarcinoma of the lacrimal gland with intracranial extension - a case report. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg.* 17 (6): 454–457.
55. **Jankauskienė J and Imbrasienė D (2006):** Investigations of ocular changes, extraocular muscle thickness, and eye movements in Graves' ophthalmopathy. *Medicina.* 42(11): 900-903.
56. **Jung A, Bechthold S, Pfluger T, Renner C and Ehrt O (2003):** Orbital Rhabdomyosarcomain Noonan Syndrome. *Journal of Pediatric Hematology/ Oncology.* 25 (4): 330-332.
57. **Kahaly GJ (2001):** Imaging in thyroid-associated orbitopathy. *European Journal of Endocrinology.* 145 (2): 107-118.
58. **Kanal E & Pittsburgh PA (2001):** Syllabus: Special Course – Specialty Categorical Course in Diagnostic Radiology: Practical MR Safety Considerations for Physicians, Physicists and Technologists presented at RSNA Nov 25 – 30.
59. **Kanski JJ (2007):** Orbit. In *Clinical Ophthalmology – A systematic approach.* Butterworth Heinemann, Philadelphia. Ch 6; 165 – 204.
60. **Karcioglu ZA (2004):** Clinical evaluation of the orbit. In: Karcioglu ZA: *Orbital tumours: Diagnosis and treatment.* Springer, New York. ch 6 part II, 51 – 60.
61. **Kerrison JB (2000):** Neuro-ophthalmology of the phacomatoses. *Curr Opin Ophthalmol.* 11 (2): 413–420.
62. **King AD, MA BB & Yau YY (2008):** The impact of 18-FFDG PET/CT on assessment of nasopharyngeal carcinoma at diagnosis. *Br J Radiol* 81:291–298
63. **Kirch C and Turbin R (2005):** Orbit, Infection .eMedicine Journal. Available at: <http://www.emedicine.com/oph/topic 490.htm>.
64. **Koeller KK and Rushing EJ (2004):** Pilocytic astrocytoma: radiologic-pathologic correlation. *RadioGraphics.* 24 (5):1693–1708.
65. **Koischwitz D and Gritzmann N (2000) :** Ultrasound of the neck. *Radiol Clin North Am.* 38 (4):1029–1054.
66. **Lane KA & Bilyk JR (2006):** Preliminary study of positron emission tomography in the detection and management of orbital malignancy. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg* 22: 361–365
67. **Lee AG, Hayman LA and Ross AW (2000):** Neuroimaging contrast agents in ophthalmology. *Surv Ophthalmol.*; 45 (3): 237-253.
68. **Lee AG, Brazis PA, Garrity JA and White MW (2004):** Imaging for neuron-ophthalmic and orbital disease. *Am J Ophthalmol.* 138 (4): 852-862.
69. **Lee AG, Johnson MC, Policeni BA & Smoker WR (2009):** Imaging for neuro-ophthalmic and orbital disease - a review. *Clinical Experiment Ophthalmology.* Jan; 37(1):30-53.
70. **Lucci LM, Anderson RL, Coffin C and Crandall DC (2001):** Solitary fibrous tumor of the orbit in a child. *Ophthalmic Plast Reconstr Surg.* 17 (5): 369-373.
71. **Mafee MF, Inoue YY and Mafee RF (2005):** Ocular and orbital imaging. *Neuroimaging Clinic N Am;* 6, 291-318.

72. **Mandell N and Abrahams J (2003):** CT&MRI of the whole body, chapter 13, 407-411.
73. **Marek Olszycki and Marcin Kozakiewicz (2005):** Mono- and multislice computed tomography of the orbital injury, available at http://www.okulistyka.com.pl/klinika/05_nr_79_art22.htm.
74. **Mark Herndon, Kevin Christopher McMains & Stilianos E. Kountakis, (2007):** Presentation and management of extensive fronto-orbital-ethmoid mucocoeles. *American Journal of Otolaryngology–Head and Neck Medicine and Surgery*. 28 (2007) 145–147
75. **McCaffery S, Simon EM, Fischbein NJ, Rowley HA, Shimikawa A, Lin S and O'Brien JM (2002):** Three-dimensional High-resolution magnetic resonance imaging of the ocular and orbital malignancies. *Arch ophthalmol*. 2002; 120 (2): 747-754.
76. **Mejía-Novelo A, Alvarado-Miranda A, Morales-Vázquez F & Medina FL (2004):** Ocular metastases from breast carcinoma. *Medical Oncology*. 21 (3): 217–221.
77. **Mizen TR and Rosseau GL (2003):** Orbital, optic nerve, and anterior visual pathway meningiomas. *Seminars In Neurosurgery*. 14 (3): 251-255.
78. **Moloney G, Brewer J and O'Donnell B (2004):** Ancient' Schwannoma of the orbit. *Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology*. 32 (4): 637–638.
79. **Moon WJ, Gyu Na D, Ryoo JW, Kim MJ, Lim DH and Byun HS (2003):** Orbital lymphoma and subacute or chronic inflammatory pseudotumor: differentiation with two-phase helical computerized tomography. *Journal of Computer Assisted Tomography*. 27(4): 510–516.
80. **Mori M, Kuwabara S, Fukutake T, Yuki N and Hattori T (2001)** Clinical features and prognosis of Miller Fisher syndrome. *Neurology* . 56: 1104–1106.
81. **Moukarbel RV and Sabri AN (2005):** Current management of head and neck schwannomas. *Curr Opin Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg*. 13 (1):117—122.
82. **Müller-Forell W and Pitz S (2006):** Imaging of Orbital and Visual Pathway Pathology (Textbook). Series Editors: Baert AL, Brady LW, Heilmann H-P, Molls F, K Sartor. Main Editors: Baert AL, Leuven K and Heidelberg S. Pages: 84-122.
83. **Nader Roshdy, Maha Shahin, Hanem Kishk, Sherif El-Khouly, Amany Mousa & Iman Elsalekh (2010):** Role of new magnetic resonance imaging modalities in diagnosis of orbital masses: A clinicopathologic correlation. 17 : 2 : 175-179
84. **Naik MN, Tourani KL, Sekhar GC & Honavar SG (2002):** Interpretation of computed tomography imaging of the eye and orbit. A systematic approach. *Ophthalmology Practice*. Indian Journal of Ophthalmology; 50(4): 339 – 353.
85. **Narla LD, Newman B, Spottswood SS, Narla S & Kolli R (2003):** Inflammatory pseudotumor. *RadioGraphics*. 23 (1): 719–729.
86. **Nerad JA (2005):** The diagnostic approach to the patient with proptosis. In: *Oculoplastic surgery*. Ch 13, Mosby, Missouri, 349-386.
87. **Newman SA (2003):** Optic nerve sheath meningiomas. *Techniques in Neurosurgery*. 9 (2): 64–77.

88. **Nicole J. M. Freling, Johannes H. M. Merks, Peerooz Saeed & Alfons J. M. (2010):** Imaging findings in craniofacial childhood rhabdomyosarcoma. *Pediatr Radiol* 40:1723–1738 DOI 10.1007/s00247-010-1787-3
89. **Ortiz O and Flores AR (2001):** clinical and radiological evaluation of optic pathway lesions. *Semin Ultrasound CT&MRI*;19, 225-239.
90. **Öztürk Ö, Polat Ş and Çakalağaoğlu F (2005):** Giant orbital cavernous hemangioma: A case report. *Otolaryngology–Head and Neck Surgery*. 133 (2): 153-15
91. **Pandey PK, Narayanan R, Chaudhuri Z, Chadha V and Jain S (2002):** An unusual case of neurofibromatosis fulfilling the diagnostic criteria for types I and II. *Journal of pediatric ophthalmology & strabismus*, 39 (2): 267 – 281.
92. **Papalkar D, Francis IC, Stoodley M, Kaines A, Sharma A and Wilcsek GA (2005):** Cavernous haemangioma in the orbital apex: stereotactic guided transcranial cryoextraction. *Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology*. 33 (3): 421–423.
93. **Patel TR and Borah GL (2004):** Frontal bone periosteal osteomas. *Plast. Reconstr. Surg*. 114 (4): 648 – 649.
94. **Potter P (2001):** Advances in imaging in oculoplastics. *Curr Opin Ophthalmol*. 12 (1): 342–346.
95. **Price DL, De Wilde JP, Papadaki AM, Curran JS and Kitney RI (2001):** Investigation of acoustic noise on 15 MRI scanners from 0.2 T to 3 T. *J Magn Reson Imaging*; 13 (2): 288–293.
96. **Prummel MF, Gerding MN, Zonneveld FW and Wiersinga WM (2001):** The usefulness of quantitative orbital magnetic resonance imaging in Graves' ophthalmopathy . *Clinical Endocrinology*. 54 (2): 205-209.
97. **Pungavkar SA, Lawande MA, Agrawal NV and GadaniS (2005):** Bilateral optic pathway glioma with intracranial calcification: Magnetic resonance imaging and magnetic resonance spectroscopy findings. *Australasian Radiology*. 49 (2):489–492.
98. **Renowden S (2005):** Interventional neuro-radiology. *J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry*. 76 (Suppl III): iii48–iii63
99. **Rootman J (1995):** orbital surgery. In Rootman J, Stewart, B, and Goldberg Ra(eds). Philadelphia, Lippencott presss,
100. **Rootman J and Dolman P (2003):** Thyroid orbitopathy In (diseases of the orbit; Rootman JE). 2nd edition; Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia. 189:208.
101. **Rosel P (2004):** The basics of orbital imaging. In: Karcioğlu ZA: Orbital tumours: Diagnosis and treatment. Springer, New York; ch 6 part II, 84 – 93.
102. **Rosen Y (2007):** The Recent advances in magnetic resonance neurospectroscopy. *Neurotherapeutics* 27 (3): 330-45.
103. **Ruff I.M., D. Strozyk D., C. Rahman, V. Szeder, J. Pile-Spellman, and Marshall RS (2010):** Clinical Reasoning: A 21-year-old woman with right eye swelling and bruising. *Neurology*: November 30, vol. 75 no. 22 2039-2044
104. **Ruggieri M, Pavone P, Polizzi A, Di Pietro M, Scuderi A, Gabriele A,**

- Spalice A and Lannetti P (2004):** Ophthalmological manifestations in segmental neurofibromatosis type 1. *Br J Ophthalmol.* 88 (3): 1429–1433
105. **Saetti R, Silvestrini M and Narne S (2005):** Ethmoid osteoma with frontal and orbital extension: Endoscopic removal and reconstruction. *Acta Oto-Laryngologica.* 125 (4): 1122-1125.
106. **Scarsbrook Andrew, Arul Ganeshan, Jane Statham, Andrew Weaver, Philip Boardman, Kevin M. Bradley and Fergus V. Gleeson (2007):** Anatomic and Functional Imaging of Metastatic Carcinoid Tumors *RadioGraphics.* 27:455–476
107. **Shanmugam MP, Biswas J, Gopal L, Sharma T, and Nizamuddin SHM (2005):** The clinical spectrum and treatment outcome of retinoblastoma in indian children. *J Pediatr Ophthalmol Strabismus.* 42 (2): 75-81.
108. **Shaw AS and Dixon AK (2001).** Multidetector computed tomography. In: Grainger RC, Allison D, Adam, Dixon AK, eds. *Diagnostic Radiology: A Textbook of Medical Imaging.* 4th ed. chap 4.
109. **Shellock FG and CruesJV (2004):** MR procedures: biologic effects, safety, and patient care. *Radiology.* 232 (2): 635–652.
110. **Shields JA and Shields CL (2008):** Tumours of the orbit, part three. In: *Eyelid, conjunctival and Orbital Tumours – An Atlas and Textbook.* 2nd edition; Chapters 26 – 40; 449 – 780.
111. **Shields JA, Shields CL, Epstein JA, Scartozzi R and Eagle RC (2004):** Primary epithelial malignancies of the lacrimal gland: The 2003 Ramon L. Font lecture. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg.* 20 (1): 10-21.
112. **Shinya Morita, Kenji Mizoguchia and Keiji Iizukaa (2010):** Paranasal sinus mucocoeles with visual disturbance. *Auris Nasus Larynx* Volume 37, Issue 6, Pages 708-712
113. **Singh TM (2008):** Management of orbital tumours. *Butterworth Heinemann,* Philadelphia. ch, 4: 98 – 152 & ch 7: 317 – 332
114. **Spadola L, Somon T, Zand T, Ruefenacht D and Delavelle J (2003):** Topographic imaging of orbital pathology. *The Radiologist;* 10 (6): 114 – 123.
115. **Starkey CR and Steele RW, (2001):** Medical management of orbital cellulitis. *Pediatr Infect Dis J.* 20 (6):1002–1005.
116. **Stefan Franz Nemec, Philipp Peloscheka, Maria Theresa Schmooka, Christian Robert Krestana, Wolfgang Hauffc, Christian Matulab and Christian Czernya (2010):** CT–MR image data fusion for computer-assisted navigated surgery of orbital tumors. *European Journal of Radiology* Volume 73, Issue 2, February, Pages 224-229
117. **Stefano Cavazza, Gian Luca Laffi, Laura Lodi, Elisa Gasparrini, Giorgio Tassinari (2011):** Orbital dermoid cyst of childhood: clinical pathologic findings, classification and management, *Springer Science & Business Media, Int Ophthalmol,* DOI 10.1007/s10792-011-9419-y
118. **Stevens PM, Anderson EJ, Naidich MJ, Miller FH and Noskin GA (2005):** Sinusitis, periorbital edema, and ocular proptosis. *Infect Dis Clin Pract.* 13 (4): 255 -260.

119. **Stidham DB (2000):** Extraocular Muscles, Anatomy. eMedicine Journal. Available at: <http://www.emedicine.com/oph/topic 14.htm>.
120. **Sullivan TJ, Whitehead K, Williamson R, Grimes D, Brown I and Dickie G (2005):** Lymphoproliferative disease of the ocular adnexa: a clinical and pathologic study with statistical analysis of 69 patients. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg*. 21 (3): 177–188.
121. **Tadmor R, New PFJ, Davis KR, Roberson G, Taveras JM (2004):** Computed tomography of the orbit with special emphasis on coronal sections. *Neuroradiological Therapy. Neuroradiology*. Volume 16, Number 1, Dec. 21, Pages 466-467.
122. **Tamraz JC, Outin TC and Saban RS (1999):** MR imaging anatomy of optic pathways. *RCNA.*; 37 (1), 1-36.
123. **Terwee CB, Prummel MF, Gerding MN, Kahaly GJ, Dekker FW and Wiersinga WM, (2005):** Measuring disease activity to predict therapeutic outcome in Graves' ophthalmopathy. *Clinical Endocrinology*. 62 (3): 145–155.
124. **Tovilla-Canales JL, Nava A, and Pomar JLT (2001):** Orbital and periorbital infections. *Curr Opin Ophthalmol*. 12 (2): 335–341.
125. **Turbin RE and Pokorny K (2004):** Diagnosis and treatment of orbital optic nerve sheath meningioma. *Cancer Control*, 11(5): 334-341
126. **Valentini V, Nicolai G, Fabiani F, Torroni A, Pagnoni M and Battisti A (2004):** Surgical treatment of recurrent orbital hemangiopericytoma. *The Journal Of Craniofacial Surgery*. 15 (1): 106 – 113.
127. **Vardizer Y, Berendschot TJM and Mourits MP (2005):** Effect of exophthalmometer design on its accuracy. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg*; 21 (6): 427–430.
128. **Vázquez E, Lucaya J, Castellote A, Piqueras J, Sainz P, Olivè T, Sánchez-Toledo J and Ortega JJ (2002):** Neuroimaging in pediatric leukemia and lymphoma: differential diagnosis. *RadioGraphics*. 22 (6):1411–1428.
129. **Vemuganti G, Honavar S and John R (2000):** Clinicopathological profile of retinoblastoma in Asian Indians. *Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci*. 41:4(S790)
130. **Wayne S. Kubal (2008):** Imaging of orbital trauma. *RadioGraphics*; 28:1729–1739
131. **Weber AL (1996):** Survey of CT and MR imaging of the orbit. *European Journal of Radiology*, 22 : 42-52
132. **Weber AL (2001):** History of head and neck radiology: past, present and future. *Radiology*; 218 (1):15–24
133. **Welker KM, Tsuruda JS, Hadley JR and Hayes CE (2001):** Radio-frequency coil selection for mr imaging of the brain and skull base. *Radiology*. 221 (2):11–25
134. **Wendy R. Smoker, Lindell R. Gentry, Norbert K. Yee, Deborah L. Reede, and Jeffrey A. Nerad (2008):** Vascular Lesions of the Orbit: More than Meets the Eye. *RadioGraphics*, 28, 185-204.

135. **West M. and Stranc M. (1997):** Long term results of four-wall orbital decompression for Graves' ophthalmopathy. *British Journal of Plastic Surgery* 50, 507-5 16
136. **Wichmann W and Muller-Forell WS (2002):** Ophthalmologic Imaging Methods. In: Müller- Forell WS: Imaging of Orbital and Visual Pathway Pathology. Springer, Germany; General part. 3 – 24.
137. **Williams PL (1995):** Grays Anatomy. Ed 38. New York, Churchill Livingstone, pp 482-489.
138. **Woo KI, Kim YD, Na DG, and Han MH (2002):** Computerized tomographic findings of distensible orbital venous anomalies. *Ophthal Plast Reconstr Surg.* 18 (2): 114–120.
139. **Woodruff JM, Scheithauer BW, Raffel C, and Antonescu CR (2003):** Congenital and childhood plexiform (multinodular) cellular schwannoma a troublesome mimic of malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumor. *Am J Surg Pathol.* 27 (3): 1321–1329.
140. **Wyngaert R, Casteels I & Demaerel P (2009):** Orbital and anterior visual pathway infection and inflammation. *Neuroradiology.* Jun; 51(6):385-96.
141. **Yang D.D., Gonzalez M.O. and Durairaj V.D. (2011).** Medical management of thyroid eye disease. *Saudi J. Ophthalmol.* 25, 3–13.
142. **Yeoman LJ (1997):** Gantry angulation in brain CT: dose implications, effect on posterior fossa artifacts and current international practice. *Radiology;* 84,113-116.
143. **Yuen SJA and Rubin PAD (2003):** Idiopathic orbital inflammation: distribution, clinical features, and treatment outcomes. *Arch Ophthalmol.* 121 (2): 491–499.