



## RESULTS

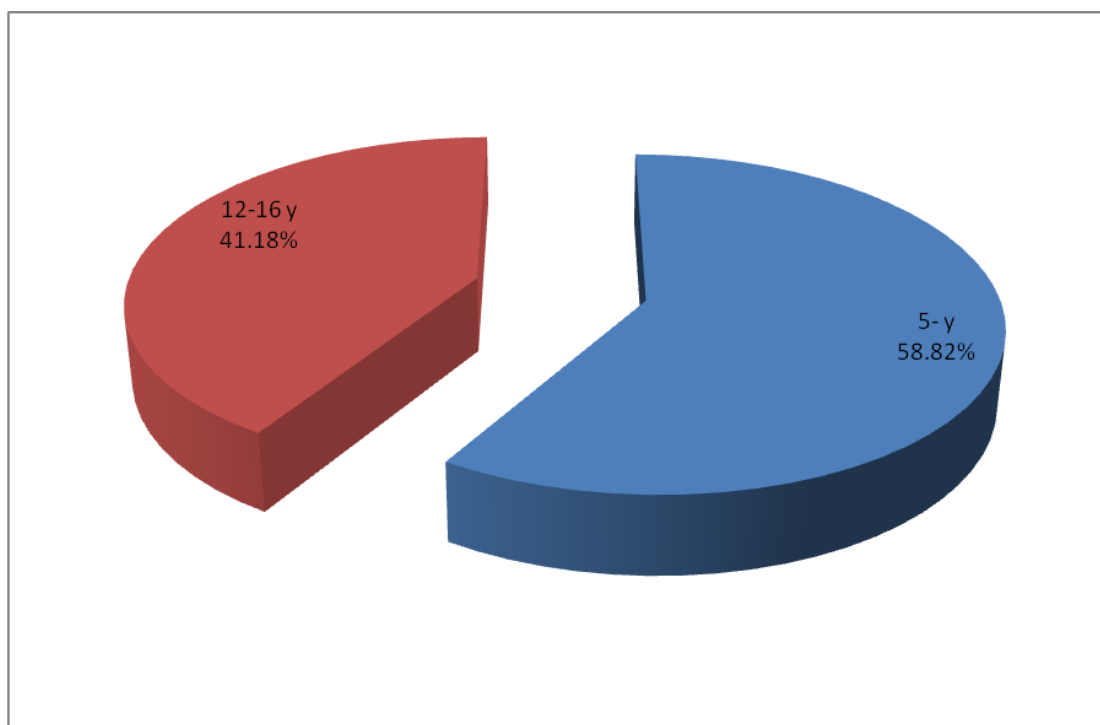
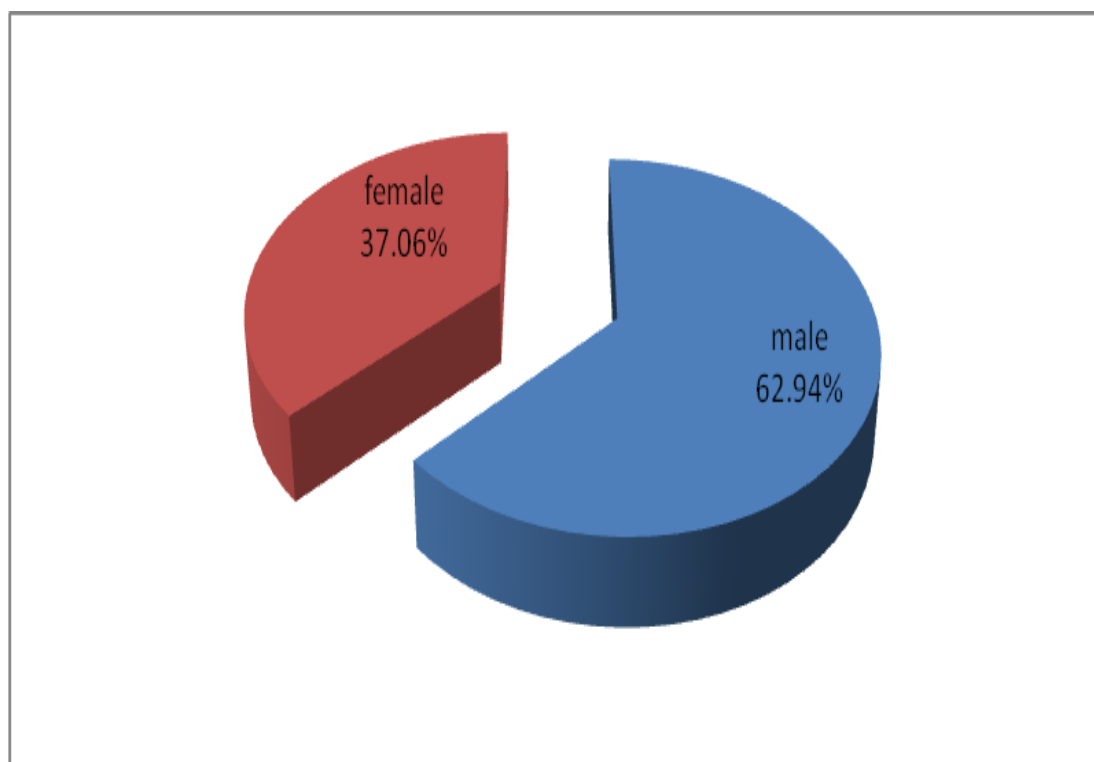
This study was carried out on 340 school children, 220 from schools in rural areas, and 120 from schools in urban areas. The results of this study can be summarized in tables (4-12) and figures (4-12).

**Table (4):** Age distribution of the studied school children

| Age group                    | Number | %     |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|
| 5-11 yrs(Primary school)     | 200    | 58.82 |
| 12-16yrs(Preparatory school) | 140    | 41.18 |
| <b>Total</b>                 | 340    | 100   |

**Table (5):** Sex distribution of the studied school children.

| Sex          | Number | %     |
|--------------|--------|-------|
| Male         | 214    | 62.94 |
| Female       | 126    | 37.06 |
| <b>Total</b> | 340    | 100   |

**Fig. (4): Age distribution of the studied school children****Fig. (5): Sex distribution of the studied school children.**

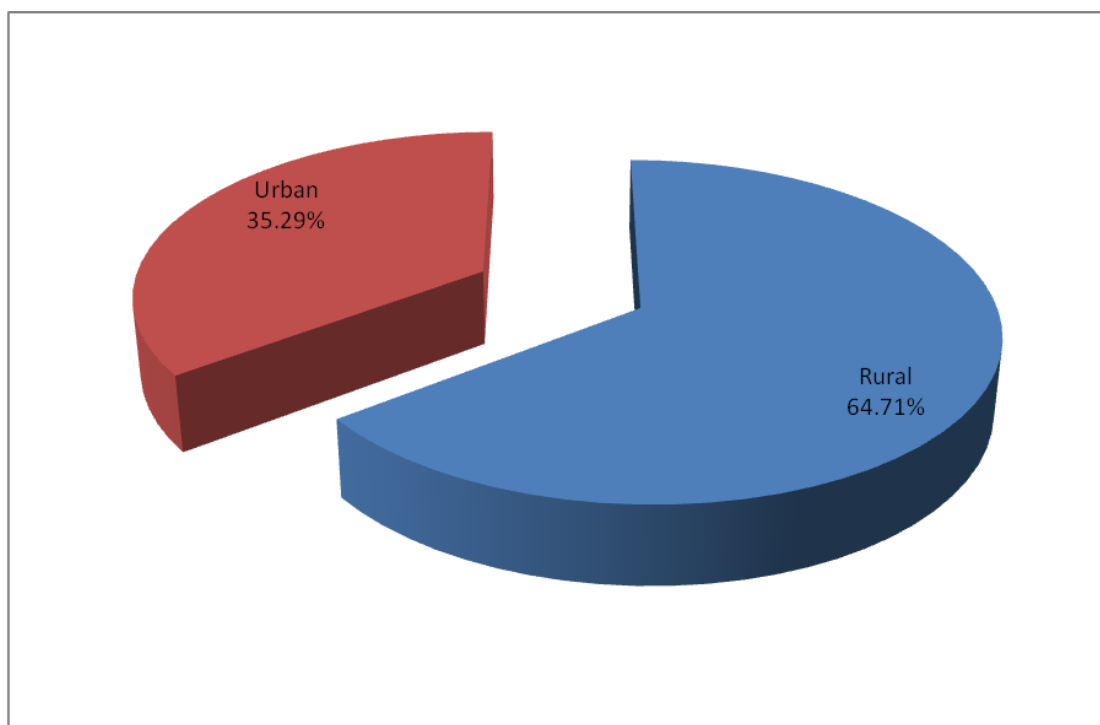
**Table (6):** Distribution of the studied school children according to residence.

| Residence    | Number | %     |
|--------------|--------|-------|
| Rural        | 220    | 64.71 |
| Urban        | 120    | 35.29 |
| <b>Total</b> | 340    | 100   |

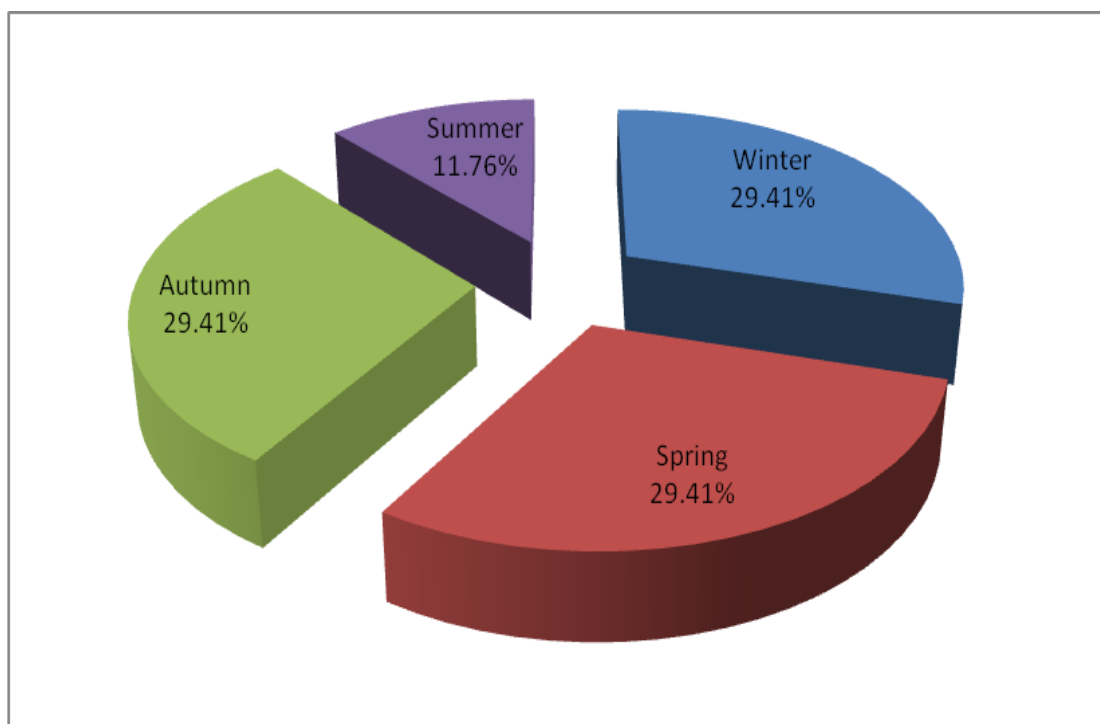
**Table (7):** Distribution of the studied school children according to season.

| Season       | Number | %     |
|--------------|--------|-------|
| Winter       | 100    | 29.41 |
| Spring       | 100    | 29.41 |
| Autumn       | 100    | 29.41 |
| Summer       | 40     | 11.76 |
| <b>Total</b> | 340    | 100   |

**Fig. (6): Distribution of the studied school children according to residence.**



**Fig. (7): Distribution of the studied school children according to season.**



**Table (8):** Study of positive cases according to Age.

| Age groups                  | Total<br>Number | Positive |      | Negative |       |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|------|----------|-------|
|                             |                 | No       | %    | No       | %     |
| Primary schools (5-11y)     | 200             | 20       | 10   | 180      | 90    |
| Preparatory school (12-16y) | 140             | 5        | 3.57 | 135      | 96.4  |
| Total                       | 340             | 25       | 7.35 | 315      | 92.65 |

$X^2=5$        $P=0.025$  (significant)

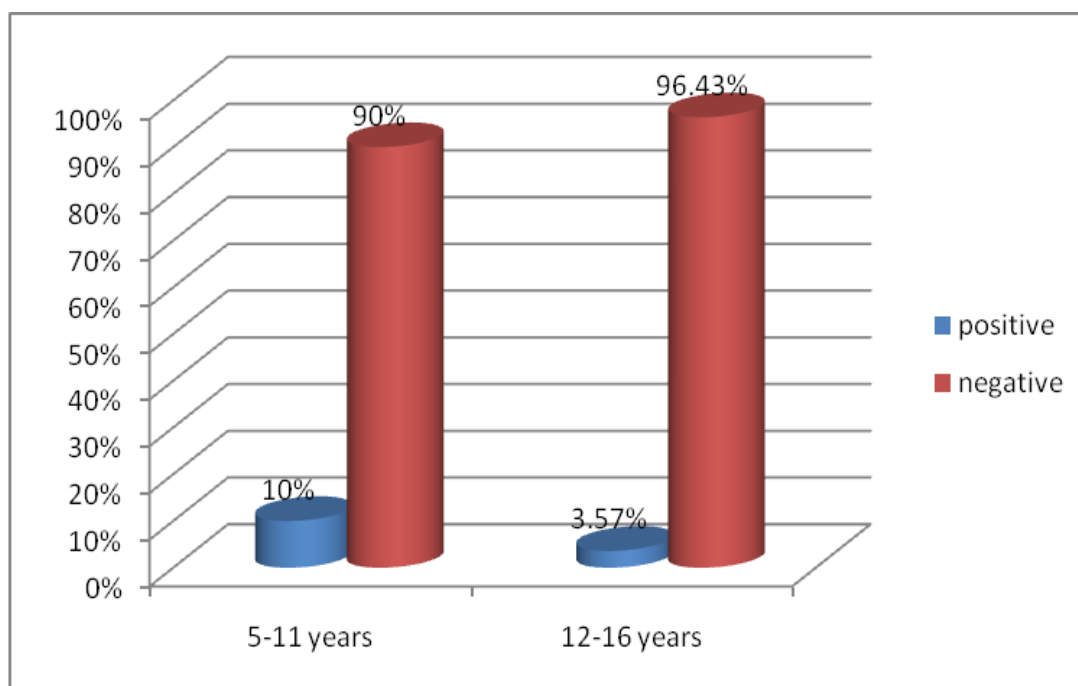
**Table (9):** Study of positive cases according to sex.

| Sex    | Total Number | positive |      | Negative |       |
|--------|--------------|----------|------|----------|-------|
|        |              | No       | %    | No       | %     |
| Male   | 214          | 17       | 7.94 | 197      | 92.06 |
| Female | 126          | 8        | 6.35 | 118      | 93.65 |
| Total  | 340          | 25       | 7.35 | 315      | 92.65 |

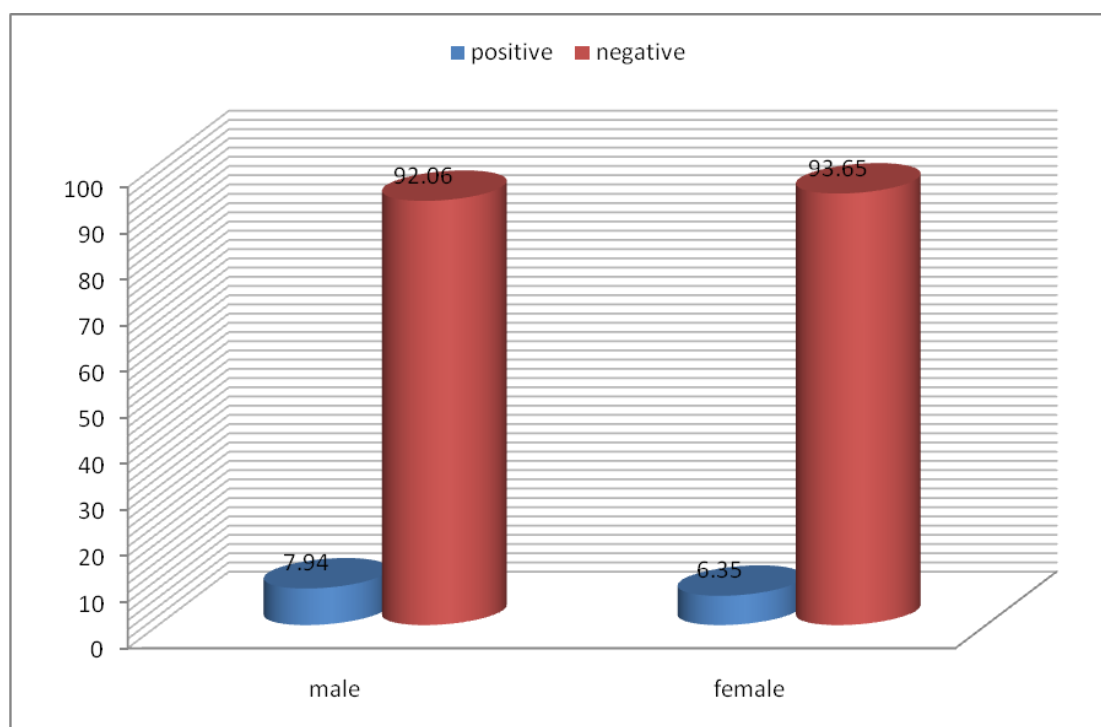
$X^2=0.3$        $P=> 0.05$  ( insignificant )



**Fig. (8): Study of positive cases according to Age.**



**Fig. (9): Study of positive cases according to sex.**



**Table (10):** Study of positive cases according to residence.

| Residence | Total Number | Positive |      | Negative |       |
|-----------|--------------|----------|------|----------|-------|
|           |              | No       | %    | No       | %     |
| Rural     | 220          | 18       | 8.18 | 202      | 91.82 |
| Urban     | 120          | 7        | 5.83 | 113      | 94.17 |
| Total     | 340          | 25       | 7.35 | 315      | 92.65 |

$$X^2 = 0.6 \quad P = > 0.05 \text{ (insignificant)}$$

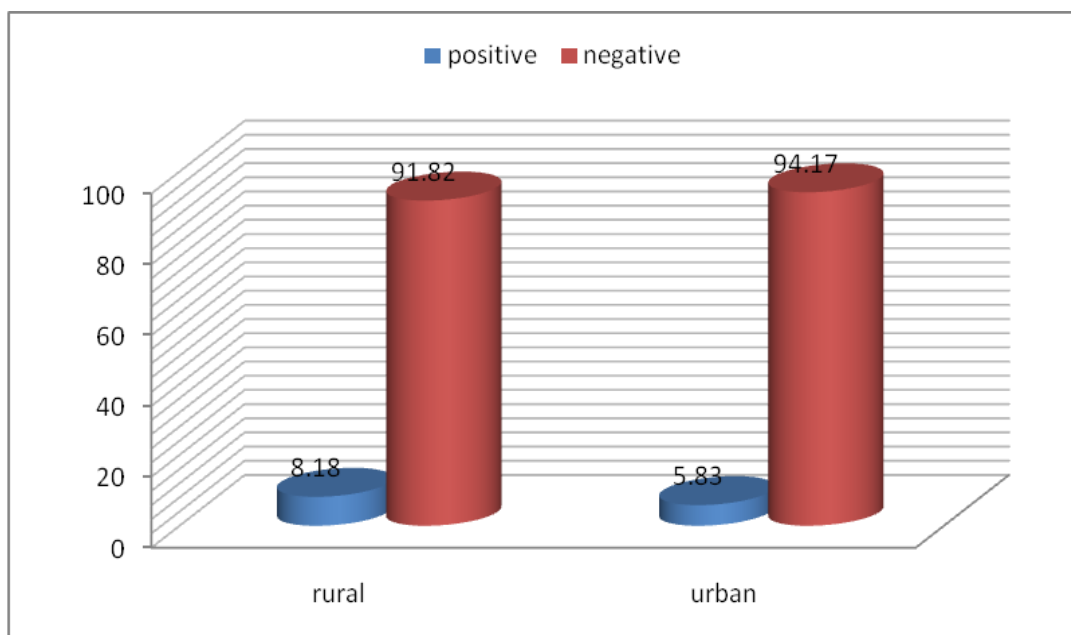
**Table (11):** Study of positive cases according to seasons.

| Season | Total Number | positive |      | Negative |       |
|--------|--------------|----------|------|----------|-------|
|        |              | No       | %    | No       | %     |
| Winter | 100          | 14       | 14   | 86       | 86    |
| Autumn | 100          | 7        | 7    | 93       | 93    |
| Spring | 100          | 3        | 3    | 97       | 97    |
| Summer | 40           | 1        | 2.5  | 39       | 97.5  |
| Total  | 340          | 25       | 7.35 | 315      | 92.65 |

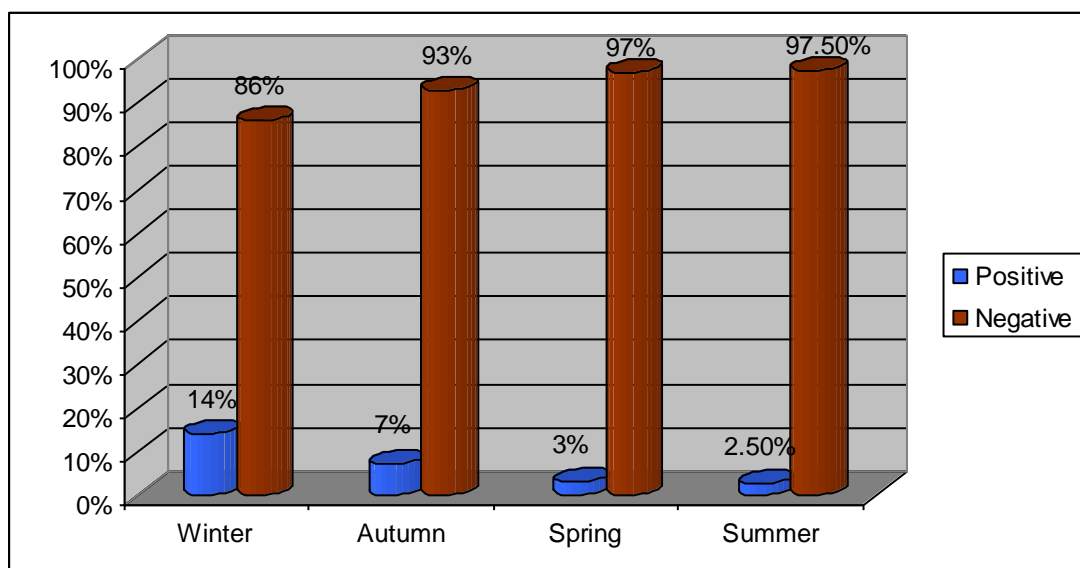
$$X^2 = 10.7 \quad P = 0.014 \text{ (significant)}$$



**Fig. (10): Study of positive cases according to residence.**



**Fig. (11): Study of positive cases according to seasons.**





**Table (12) :** Antibiotic susceptibility test for the isolated strains

| Antibiotic   | Total number | Sensitive |     | Resistant |    |
|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----|-----------|----|
|              |              | No.       | %   | No.       | %  |
| Penicillin   | 25           | 25        | 100 | 0         | 0  |
| Amoxicillin  | 25           | 25        | 100 | 0         | 0  |
| Erythromycin | 25           | 21        | 84  | 4         | 16 |
| Azithromycin | 25           | 23        | 92  | 2         | 8  |
| Clindamycin  | 25           | 22        | 88  | 3         | 12 |

**Fig. (12):** Antibiotic susceptibility test for the isolated strains