



1. **Abd-El Baset A, Ghashaba A and Morsy M. (2003):** Orem's Self Care Model. A medication leaflet for the mothers whose children are suffering from bronchial asthma. Master Thesis, Faculty of Nursing, Ain Shams University, PP:20-22.
2. **Abdel Hamed, S. and Elnail, R. (1991):** Children manifest. Anxiety Scale. Cairo: Dar El Nahda El Masryia.
3. **Adams S (2003):** Prospective survey of reaction of blood test by children Journal of pediatric Pain; 40(1): 53-60.
4. **Anesiva M (2008):** Distraction of children of different Ages who undergoing reported needle stick. Journal of pediatric; 19(1): 22-34.
5. **Anderson M (2002):** pediatric hematology oncology. (4th ed), Churchill, Livingstone Company: London, PP: 71-72.
6. **Anand K (1998):** Clinical importance of pain and distress in preterm neonates. Bio Journal of neonates; 73(1): 1-9.
7. **Auvil L (2007):** A child focused intervention for coping with procedural pain. Journal of pediatric psychology, 27(3): 749 – 757.
8. **Baker CM (2007):** A process of pain assessment of children. Journal of Orthop nurse; 6(1):11-21.
9. **Bandura B(2002):** Emergency nursing principles and practice. (3rd ed), Mosby Company, London, PP:198-199.
10. **Barbra A (2002):** Pediatric hematology oncology. (9th) ed, United Kingdom Company, London, New York, PP: 32-33.
11. **Bates TA (2005):** Children medical fear, coping behaviors and pain perceptions during lumbar puncture. Journal of Oncology Forum Nurse; 17(3):361-376.
12. **Behav B(2007):** Determination of success and failure of EmLa.cream. Journal of Pediatric Nurse; 22(5): 89-97.



- 13.**Beker C (2007):** Assessment of children's distress during pain full medical procedure health. Journal of pediatric nurse , 2(1), pp:133-147.
- 14.**Bellieni CV, Cordelli D, Raffaelli M, Ricci B, Morgese G, Buonocore G (2006):** Analgsic effect of watching T.V during Venipuncture. Journal of Arch Dic Child; 91(12):1015-1017.
- 15.**Berde C (2007):** Discordance between self-report and behavioral pain measure in children after surgery. Journal Pain Symptoms Manage; 5(6):350-356.
- 16.**Blaunt A (2005):** Analysis of child and adult behavioral variations by phase of medical procedure . Journal of Oncology Forum Nurse; 21(33):30-35.
- 17.**Breau J (2005):** Validation of the Non-communicating. Children's Pain Checklist-Postoperative Version. Anesthesiology; 96(3): 528-35.
- 18.**Broone M (2003):** Children medical nurse, coping behaviors and pain perceptions during bone marrow aspiration. Journal of Oncology Nurses; 17(20):25-30.
- 19.**Brown R (2004):** The efficiency of hypnosis in the reduction of procedural pain and distress in pediatric oncology. Journal of Oncology Nursling Forum; 20(13): 530-537.
- 20.**Brunner M and Suudarth L (2002):** Sensory information, instruction in coping strategy from surgery , Journal Dev Behav Pediatric , 17(19):320-330.
- 21.**Caprilli S (2007):** Interactive music as as treatment for pain and distress in children during venipuncture. Randomize prospective study. Journal Dev Behav Pediatric; 28(5): 399-403.
- 22.**Caright L (2005):** Pain in infant and children socio development Variation on them. Pediatric hematology oncology; (2nd ed), Pp: 305-315.



23. **Carlson J (2001):** Physician and parent behavior during invasive pediatric cancer procedures. *Journal of Oncology Nursing Forum*; 4(7): 500-550.
24. **Catudal J (2008):** Association for vascular access. **Available at** [/*http://www.avainfo.org/website/download.asp?id=182376](http://www.avainfo.org/website/download.asp?id=182376). **Accessed at - 10-12-2011.**
25. **Cavender K, Goff M, Hollon E, & Guzzetta, C (2004):** Parent positioning and distracting children during venipuncture. Effects on children pain, fear and distress. *Journal of Holistic Nursing*; 22(1):32-56.
26. **Cohen ME, Reid GJ, Finley GA. (2003):** The unknown and the unknowable managing sustained uncertainty, *Western Journal of Nursing Research*, 15(1):8-15.
27. **Cumming S, Reid, G, Guzzetta C (2003):** Prevalence and source of pain in pediatric inpatients. *Journal of Pediatric*; 8(1): 25–31.
28. **Curtis S (2007):** Randomized controlled trial of sucrose and/ or pacifier as analgesic for infant receiving venipuncture in pediatric emergency. *Journal of BMC Pediatric*; 9(1):7-27.
29. **Dahlquist L (2002):** Family adaptation to childhood cancer. *Journal of Oncology Nursing Forum*, 5(7): 520-530.
30. **Debra J (2001):** Procedure manual for critical care.(4th) ed. W.B. Saunders Company: London, New York, PP:790-791.
31. **Demore N (2005):** The role of template in pediatric pain response. *Journal of Oncology Nurse*; 19(1): 49-63.
32. **Duff A (2003):** In cooperating psychological approaches into routine pediatric venipuncture. *Journal of Archives of Disease in Childhood*; 88(1): 193-937.
33. **Elisa J (2002):** Cognitive-behavioral intervention for children distress during venipuncture. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry*; 20(1): 2-5.



- 34.**Elizabeth M (2007):** Premeditating children for painful invasive procedures. *Journal of Pediatric Oncology Nursing*;, 9(4):15-20.
- 35.**Eiser C (2003):** Practitioner review: long term consciences of childhood cancer. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatric*; 39(3):313-320.
- 36.**El-Sharkawoy S, El-Sayed W and Morsy M (2001):** Therapeutic play as a technique for preparation of preschool age children undergoing invasive nursing procedure. Faculty of Nursing, Ain Shams University, **Research Paper.**
- 37.**Evans M (2005):** Medical surgical nursing, Lippincott company, New York, (10th)ed, PP: 1335-1336.
- 38.**Fradet C (2003):** Prospective survey of reaction to blood testy by children and adolescent. *Journal of Pediatric*;, 40(1): 53-60.
- 39.**Favoro S (2005):** Preparation children for venous blood sampling pain. *Journal of pediatric*; 3(1): 299-306.
- 40.**Finnley J(2005):** Promoting patent provider interaction during young children health suppression visits. *Journal of applied behavior analysis*; 23(207):12-20.
- 41.**Fitzgerald M Beggs S (2001):** The neurobiology of pain: Developmental aspects. *Journal of Pediatric Nurse*; 26(1): 315-17.
- 42.**Glassi J(2005):** The patient reaction assessment. A brief measure of the quality of the patient provider medical relationship. *Journal of psychological assessment*; 4(7): 220-230.
- 43.**Goldenberg N (2003):** Integrating medical and psychological treatments for cancer pain. *Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis*; 13(15): 15-17
- 44.**Goldschneider K and Anand K (2005):** Long-term consequences of pain in neonates, Infants, Children, and Adolescents .(2nd), Ed) Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, PP: 15-20.



- 45.**Goodwin A (2007):** Development and validation of the pediatric oncology quality of life scale, psychological assessment. Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis; 6(4): 430-435.
- 46.**Gorelick N (2008):** Derivation of difficult venous access score a clinical pediatric peripheral intravenous infection. Journal of Pediatric Nurse; 29(1):351-354.
- 47.**Gullone E (2005):** The development of normal fear. Journal of Ancestry of Research clinpsychol; 20(1): 429-430.
- 48.**Guy H (2001):** Clinical skills in nursing practice. Journal of Pediatric Nures ,93(12):15-20.
- 49.**Hocken berry Mj (2003):** Wong's nursing care of infant and children (7nd ed) st. Louis, Mo: Elsevier.pp20-25.
- 50.**Hanas R, et al (2001):** Parents as distraction during in travenous insertion. Journal of Pediatric Nurse; 22(1): 851 -861.
- 51.**Harmidy D (2005):** Pediatric intravenous insertion in the emergency department: bevel up or bevel down? Journal of Pediatric Emergency Care; 21(1):707-711.
- 52.**Harper (2005):** Effect of distraction on children's pain and distress during medical procedure . Journal of meta-analysis; 48(1): 44-49.
- 53.**Hartzog TH (2008):** Putting in the pediatric intravenous: does confidence and competence make a difference? Presented at the Annual Meeting of the American Academy of Pediatrics, Boston, MA, PP: 11-14.
- 54.**Hatfield H (2008):** Helping parents support their child in pain. Journal of pediatric; 26(1): 315-317.
- 55.**Hayes HB (2002):** Evaluation of non pharmacological method of pain. Journal of pediatric; 22(1): 30-32.



- 56.**Humphery GB (2003):** The occurrence of high level of acute behavioral distress in children and adolescents under going routine venipuncture. Journal of Pediatrics; 90(1): 87-91.
- 57.**Jacob E(2006):** Pain in hospitalized, children pediatric nurse beliefs and practical. Journal of Pediatric Nursing; 14(6): 379-391.
- 58.**Jama M (2006):** Talking the strong out of needs. Journal of pediatric Nursing; 20(1): 45-46.
- 59.**Jany E(2003):** Validity of controlled clinical trials of psychotherapy. Journal of pediatric; 5 (7):20-30.
- 60.**Jascobsen AF (2005):** Variable in fluency Intravenous catheter insertion difficulty and failure. Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis; 34(1): 345 – 359.
- 61.**Johnston C and Stevens B (2003):** Development of Psychological Responses to Pain and Assessment of Pain in Infants and Toddlers. In: Schechter. 2nd Ed: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins; PP: 27-30.
- 62.**Katherine N (2007):** Pain management and nursing care . Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis; 90(12): 12-20.
- 63.**Katz E (2003):** Psychological aspects of cancer in children and their families. Journal of Clinical Psychology Review; 4(7): 230-240.
- 64.**Kemth P (2007):** Effect of mother presence of children reaction to aversive procedures. Journal of Pediatric Psychology; 7(3):12-14.
- 65.**Kleiberc C and Haper C (2005):** Effect of Distraction on children's pain and distress during medical procedure. Journal of Meta Analysis Nursing Research; 48(1): 44-49.
- 66.**Kuntz A (2006):** Pain and behavioral medicine. Cognitive behavioral perspective, toddler with cancer. Journal of Pediatric; 11(16): 14-25.
- 67.**Kuntz N (1996):** Therapeutic play and Bone Marrow Transplantation. Journal of Pediatric Nursing; 11(16) :55-60.



- 68.**Kuppenheimer W (2002):** Painful procedure in children. Journal of Pediatric Cancer Institute; 22(1): 22-25.
- 69.**Larsen P (2008):** Effect of Distraction on children's pain and distress during medical procedure. Journal of Annual Meeting of Pediatric American academy of Pediatric; 22(1): 550-560.
- 70.**Leathy S (2004):** Intravenous morphine and topical wralaine for treatment of pain in neonates undergoing control line placement. Journal of Annual Meeting of Pediatric American academy of Pediatric; 7(1): 793-800.
- 71.**Leura L(2009):** Pain in children. Journal of Pediatric Nursing Partitional and Clinical New Specialist; 12(1): 20-25.
- 72.**Maclaren J (2005):** A comparison of distraction strategies for venipuncture distress in children. Journal of Pediatric Psychology; 30(1): 387-396.
- 73.**Merkel S (1997):** Behavioral Pain Assessment Scales For Young Children. FALC scale. Journal of Pediatric nurse; 23(3): 293-297.
- 74.**Maj tstorovic F (2004):** Cancer in children, and the pain experience. Journal of Pediatric; 20(1): 79-98.
- 75.**Manne L, Bakeman R, Jacobsen P, Gorfinkle K, & Redd W (2009):** Assessment of acute pediatric pain. Journal of Annual Meeting of Pediatric American academy of Pediatric; 48(1):45-52.
- 76.**Manna S (2002):** Behavioral intervention to reduce child and parent distress. Journal of Counseling and Clinical Psychology; 5(10): 20-30.
- 77.**Manson S, Johnson M (2004):** A comparison of distractors for controlling distress in young children during medical procedure. Journal of clinical psychology in Medical setting; 6(1): 239-248.
- 78.**Margaret F (2004):** Nursing practice. (3rd) ed., Churchill Livingstone Company: London, PP: 144-146.



79. **Margolius F, Sherbenou, RJ, (2005):** Beliefs and perception about children in pain. *Journal of Pediatric Nursing*; 21(1): 111-115.
80. **Marlow M (2006):** Textbook of pediatric nursing. (5thed), Saunders Company: London, PP: 301-305.
81. **Mcgrath P (2004):** Helping preschool leukemia patients and their parents coping during injections. *Journal of Pediatric Psychology*; 11(1) :18-10.
82. **Melhuish S (2006):** Nursing attitudes to pain management during routine venipuncture in young children. *Journal of pediatric Nursing*; 18(2): 20-23.
83. **Merkel,(1997):** Behavioral Pain Assessment Scales For Young Children *Journal of Pediatric nurse*; 23(3):293-297..
84. **Morales E (2007):** Assessment of pain in cancer children. Abstracter learning programmer for venipuncture and cannulation. *Journal of Nursing stranded*; 26(1): 34-40.
85. **Munro FD (2000):** Totally implement able control venous access devices for pediatric oncology patient. *Journal of Med Pediatric Oncology*; 33(4):377-381.
86. **Noval L (2007):** Nurse coaching and cartoon distraction. *Journal of Pediatric Nurse* ; 22(1): 15-20.
87. **Onton D (1990)):** Growth and Development of Children, 4th ed. Longman Group: USA, PP: 60-94.
88. **Mcgillivary D (2005):** Decreasing child distress during needle stick. *Journal of pediatric*; 8(1): 119 – 130.
89. **Phippen M and Wells M (1994):** Pre-operative nursing practice, (1st ed), W.B. Saunders Company: Philadelphia, PP: 237- 238.
90. **Piira T (2005):** The role of parental presence in the context of children's medical procedures. Chapter *ChildCare, Health and Development*; London , pp:233:243.



91. **Piira T (2003):** Management of pediatric pain and distress due to medical procedure. *Journal of pediatric*; 22(1): 22-25.
92. **Pirat T, Hayes B, Baeyer V, Spafford P (2002):** Distraction methods for management of children's pain. *Journal of Clinical Psychology* ,9(1):10-20.
93. **Pornthawee R (2006):** Effect of systematic psychological preparation for children undergoing bone marrow aspiration on the anxiety of both pediatric patients and parents. *Journal of Pediatric*; 22(1): 14-15.
94. **Pringle B, HillyL, Pringle B, Hilley L, Gelfand, K, DahlquistL (2001):** Decreasing child distress during needles ticks & maintaining treatment gains over time. *Journal of Clinical Psychology in Medical Setting*; 8(1): 119-130.
95. **Rait D (2007):** The family of the cancer patient. In: Hollond, J.C. *Handbook of psychology*: Oxford University Press: New York, PP: 520-550.
96. **Rape R (2003):** Psychological preparation for pediatric oncology patients undergoing painful procedures. *Journal of the National Cancer Institute*; 1(4):15-20.
97. **Reeb R (2003):** Nursing practice hospital and home. (2nd ed), Churchill Living Company, New York, PP: 415-416.
98. **Shah V and Ohesson A (2004):** Pain in new born evidence based pediatric and child health. *Journal of Pediatrics*; 9(1): 22-32.
99. **Smalley S (2009):** Emla cream to decrease ventipancue pain in child. *journal of Pediatric* ; 22(1): 45 – 47.
100. **Songk A (2006):** Hypnosis in children undergoing painful medical procedures. *Journal of oncology nurses*; 2(7):173-175.
101. **Spielgel D (2007):** Hypnosis with the medical and surgical patient. *Journal of Oncology Nurse*; 2(7): 175-179.



102. **Suzanne C (2000):** Medical surgical nursing. (9th ed), Lippincott Company, New York. PP: 720-725.
103. **Syrjela K (2002):** Relaxation and imagery or cognitive behavioral training reduces pain during bone marrow aspiration. *Journal of Oncology Nurses*; 30(35): 22-30.
104. **Taddio S (2008):** Arevised measure of acute pain in infant. *Journal of Pediatric Pain and Management*; 10(1): 456 – 463.
105. **Touzer G (2010):** Effect of pain on children during vaccine in children. *Journal of Clinical Pediatric Emergency*; 45(1): 291-298.
106. **Van-celeve E (2009):** Pain response of hospitalized infant and children to venipuncture cannulation. *Journal Pediatric Nurse*; 11(1): 161-168.
107. **Vessey J, Carleson K, & McGill J (1994):** Use of distraction with children during an acute pain experiences. *Journal of Nursing research of Pediatric*; 43(1): 369-371.
108. **Visentine M (2001):** Knowledge and attitudes of Italine medical staff towards the approach and meet of patients in pain. *Journal of pediatric Pain and Symptoms Management*; 22(5): 925 – 930.
109. **Watt – Watson J, Fleisig W, Rabian B (2001):** Parents perception of their child acute pain experience. *Journal of Pediatric*; 5(5): 344-349.
110. **Weisman S (2007):** Non pharmacological management for pediatric venous access. *Journal of Clinical Pediatric Emergency*; 20(1): 210-247.
111. **Wiener ES (2000):** Prospective study of venous access devices, an analysis of insertion and cause of removal. *Journal of pediatric surgery*; 27(2):155-164.
112. **Wild M (2004):** Pain and distress from bone marrow aspiration and lumber punctures. *Journal of Oncology Nurses*; 30(1): 38:39.
113. **Wilson J (2003):** Behavioral preparation for surgery. *Journal of National Cancer Institute*; 20(1):102-105.
114. **Yong S, Onton D, & Bowers C (2000):** Emla cream as a topical anesthesia before office phlebotomy in children. *Southern medical journal of Pediatrics*; 98(12):84-87.



115. ***Yen K, Riegert A, Gorelick M*** (2008): Derivation of the difficult intra venous access score a clinical prediction rule for the identification of children with difficult intravenous access. *Journal of Pediatric Emergency Care*; 24(1):143-147.
116. ***Zelzar L*** (2000): Children's memories for painful cancer treatment procedure. *Journal of National Cancer Institute*; 4(6): 40-54.
117. ***Zempsky W and Schechter N*** (2003): What's new in the Management of pain in Children?. *Journal of Pediatrics in Review*; 10(1): 337-347.