



REFERENCES



REFERENCES

ABPI Data Sheet Compendium (1993):

London, Department Publications Ltd.

Akiyama, H.; Kohzu, H.; Matsuoka, M. (1981):

An approach to detection of placental separation and expulsion with new clinical signs: A study based on hemodynamic method and ultrasonography. *Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol.* 140: 505.

Andersson, K.E.; Forman, A. and Ulmsten, U. (1983):

Pharmacology of labor clinical obstetrics and Gynecology Vol. 26 (4): 56.

Beazley, J.M. (1986):

Natural labour and its active management. Dewhurst's textbook of Obstetrics and Gynecology for Postgraduates 4th edition by Whitfield C.R. 24: 338.

Beazley, J.M. (1988):

Natural labour and its active management. Dewhurst's textbook of Obstetrics and Gynecology for Postgraduates 4th edition by Whitfield C.R. 24: 338.

Beck, A. (1958):

Obstetrical practice, P. 878.

Beischer, N.A. and Mackery, E.V. (1986):

Obstetrics and newborn, London, Bailliere Tindal, 169: 177.

Berkus, M.D.; Ramamurthy, R.S.; O'Conner, D.S.; Brown, K. and Hayash, R.H. (1985):

Cohort study of silastic obstetric vacuum cup deliveries: Safety of the instruments. *Obstet. Gynaecol.* 66:503.

Blanco, J.D. and Finley, B.E. (1987):

Induction and stimulation of labor clinical obstetrics Card. J. Porerstein 1st ed. John Wiley and Sons Inc.: 495.

Brandt, M.L. (1985):

Mechanism and management of the third stage of labour. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 1933; 25:622 Quoted from Pritchard JA & MacDonald PC. Physiology of labour, Williams Obstetrics 17th ed., New York, Appleton Crofts Norwalk. Connecticut 1985; 295.

Brechi, T. (1987):

Effect of misoprostol on human circulation. Prostaglandins; 83 (Suppl): 51-59.

Brinsden, P.R.S.; Clark, A.D. (1978):

Postpartum haemorrhage after induced and spontaneous labour. Br. Med. J. 2: 855.

Browning, D.J. (1974):

Serious side effects of ergometrine and its use in routine obstetric practice. Med. J. Australia, 957-959.

Brownridge, P. (1986):

Shivering related to epidural blockade with bupivacaine in labour and the influence of epidural pethidine. Anaesthe Intensive Care, 14: 412-418.

Bygdeman, M. (1984):

The use of prostaglandins and their analgesics for abortion. Clinic. Obst. Gyn. 11: 573-584.

Bygdeman, M. (1990):

Non invasive methods for termination of second trimester pregnancy. Clinic. Obstet. Gyn. 4(2) P: 351-359.

Campebell, M.J. and Machin, D. (1993):

Medical statistics. A common sense approach. 2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons publication. New York, Chister, Brisbane, Toronto and Signapore.

Chamberlain, G. (1980):

Forceps and vacuum extraction. Clin. Obstet. Gynecol. 7:511.

Chamberlain, GVP (1992):

The clinical aspects of massive haemorrhage in: patel N, editor: Maternal Mortality. The way Forward, London, RCOG: 54-62.

Carey, M. (1993):

Adverse Cardiovascular sequelae of ergometrine.
Br. J. Obstet. Gynecol., 100: 865.

Coelho, H.L.; Teixeira, A.C.; Santos, A.P. (1993):

Misoprostol and Illegal abortion in Fortaleza, Brazil. Lancet; 341: 1261-3.

Collins, P.W. (1990):

Misoprostol discovery, development and clinical application.
Med. Res. Rev., 10: 149-72.

Combs, C.A.; Laros, R.K. (1991):

Prolonged third stage of labor: Morbidity and risk factors.
Obstet. Gynecol. 77: 863, 1991, from Williams Obstetrics, edition, Appleton and Longe, California. P. 615, 19.

Combs, C.A.; Murphy, E.L.; Laros, R.K. (1991):

Factors associated with postpartum haemorrhage with vaginal birth. Obstet. Gynaecol. 77:69.

Combs, C.A.; Robertson, P.A. and Laros, R.K. (1990):

Risk factors for third and fourth degree perineal lacerations in forceps and vacuum deliveries. Am. J. Obstet. Gynaecol. 163:100.

Costa, S.H.; Vessy, M.P. (1993):

Misoprostol and Illegal abortion in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Lancet, 341: 1258-61.

Creinin, M.D.; Vihinghaff, E. (1994):

Methotrexate and misoprostol versus misoprostol alone for early abortion JAMA; 272: 1190-1195.

Cunningham, F.G.; MacDonald, P.C. and Gant, N.F. (1989):

Abnormalities of the third stage of labour. In: Williams Obstetrics, Eighteenth edition. Appleton and Longe, California, P. 415.

Dewhurst, C.J.; Buttony, W.A.W. (1957):

Recurrent abnormalities of the third stage of labour lancet, ii: 764.

Docherty, P.W.; Hooper, M. (1981):

Choice of an oxytocic agent for routine use at delivery.
J. Obstet. Gynecol., 2: 60.

Donald, Ian (1979):

Postpartum hemorrhage, practical obstetric problems. 5th edition. Lloyd-Luke., P. 748.

Downie, W. et al. (1991):

Misuse of misoprostol: Lancet, 338: 56.

Dumoulin, J.G. (1981):

A reappraisal of the use of ergometrine.
J. Obstet. Gynaecol. 1:178-181.

Drug Ther Bull (1992):

The management of postpartum haemorrhage, 30: 89-92.

Earn, A.A. (1967):

An appraisal of malmstorm's vacuum extractor. Obstetric and Paediatric results. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 99: 732.

Edward, G.M. (1996):

Editor, Britannica Book of the year. Chicago: Encyclopaedia Britannica, 279.

Eggers, T.R.; Fliegner, J.R. (1989):

Water intoxication and syntocinon intoxication. Aust NZ J. Obstet. Gynecol. 19: 59, 1979 cited from Williams Obstetrics 18th ed. Appleton and Large, California, 1989.

Eidelman, A.L.; Kamar, R.; Schimmel, M.S. and Elchanan, B.O. (1988):

The grand multipara: is she still a risk? Am. J. Obst. Gynaecol. 158: 389.

Elbourne, D.; Prendiville, W.; Chalmers, I. (1988):

Choice of oxytocic preparation for routine use in the management of the third stage of labor and overview of the evidence from controlled trials. Br. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 95 (1): 17.

El-Refaei, H. and Templeton, A. (1994):

Early abortion induction by a combination of mifepristone and oral misoprostol: A comparison between two dose regimens of misoprostol and their effect on blood pressure. Br. J. Obstet. Gynecol., 101: 792-6.

El-Refaei, H. and Templeton, A. (1994):

Early induction of abortion by a combination of mifepristone and misoprostol administered by the vaginal route. Contraception, 49: 111-4.

El-Refaei, H. et al. (1994):

Cervical priming with prostaglandin E1 analogue misoprostol and gemeprost. Lancet: 343: 1207-1209.

El-Refaei, H. et al. (1995):

Induction of abortion with mifepristone (RU 486) and oral or vaginal misoprostol N. Engl. J. Med., 332: 983-7.

El-Refaei, H.; Pat O'Brien, Walemorafa, Charles Rodeck (1997):

Use of oral misoprostol in the prevention of postpartum hemorrhage. Br. J. Obst. Gynec. 104: 336-339.

Embrey, M.P. (1961):

Simultaneous intramuscular injection of oxytocin and ergometrine: a tocographic study. B.M.J. 1, 1737-1738.

Evaldson, G.R. (1990):

The grand multipara in modern Obstetrics. Gynaecol. Obstet. In: restigations. 30: 217.

Foda, Youssef, El-Sadek, Raggaai and Shufseek (1970):

Physiology of the third stage In: manual of obstetrics 2nd ed. Scientific book centre, Cairo, P. 198.

Fonseca, W. et al. (1991):

Misoprostal and congenital malformations lancet; 338: 56.

- Francis, H.H.; Miller, J.M.; Porterons, C.R. (1965):**
Clinical trial of an oxytocin-ergometrine mixture. Aust NZJ Obstet. Gynaecol. 5: 47-51.
- Fuchs, A.R.; Fuchs, F.; Husslein, P. and Soloff, M.S. (1984):**
Oxytocin receptors in the human uterus during pregnancy and parturition. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 150:734.
- Fuchs, A.R.; Fuchs, F.; Husslein, P.; Soloff, M.S. and Fornstern, M.J. (1982):**
Oxytocin reports and human parturition: A dual role for oxytocin in the initiation of labor. Science 251:1396.
- Fuchs, A.R.; Goeschen, K.; Husslein, P.; Rasmussen, A.B. and Fuchs, F. (1983):**
Oxytocin and the initiation of human labor 111 plasma concentrations of oxytocin and 13,14 dihydro-15-keto-prostaglandin F2 alpha during spontaneous and oxytocin induced labor. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 147:99.
- Fuchs, K.; Peretz, B.A.; Marcovici, R.; Paldi, E.; Timor-Tritsh, I. (1985):**
The "grandmultipara"- is it a problem? A review of 5785 cases. Int. J. Gynecol. Obstet. 23:321.
- Gaud, H.T. and Cannon, S.K.A. (1992):**
Misoprostol dehydration kinetics in aqueous solution in the presence of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. J. Pharm. Sci., 81:145-148.
- Gilbert, L.; Porter, W.; Brown, V.A. (1987):**
Postpartum haemorrhage: A continuing problem. Br. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 94:67.
- Golan, A.; Lidor, A.L.; Wexler, S. and David, M.P. (1983):**
A new method for the management of the retained placenta. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol., 146: 708.
- Goto, M. (1984):**
A survey of placental separation by real time B-mode scanning. Nippon Sanka Fujinka Gakkai Zasshi (INR) 36 (8): 1171.

Green, J.R.; Soho, S.L. (1989):

Factors associated with rectal injury in spontaneous deliveries. *Obstet. Gynecol.* 73: 732.

Greenhill, J.P. and Friedman, E.A. (1979):

The third stage. Biological principles and modern practice of obstetrics. 2nd edition. Saunders Company. London: 296.

Greis, J.B.; Bieniarz, J. and Scommegna, A. (1981):

Comparison of maternal of fetal effects of vacuum extraction with forceps or cesarean deliveries. *Obstet. Gynecol.* 92: 732.

Guyton, A.C. (1981):

Introduction to endocrinology and pituitary hormones. Textbook of medical physiology, sixth edition 75: 929.

Hall, M.H.; Halliwell, R.; Carr-Hill, R. (1985):

Concomitant and repeated happening of complications of the third stage of labour. *Br. J. Obstet. Gynecol.* 92: 732.

Harding, J.E.; Elbourne, D.R. and Prediville, W.J. (1989):

Views of mothers and midwives participating. In the Bristol randomized controlled trial of active management of the third stage of labour. *Birth (ABD)* 16 (1): 1.

Harris, R.E. (1970):

An evaluation of the median episiotomy. *Am. J. Obstet. Gynaecol.* 96:1.

Hausknecht, R.U. (1995):

Methotrexate and misoprostol to terminate early preg. *N. Eng. J. Med.* 333:537-540.

Healy, D.L.; Quinn, M.A. and Pepperell, R.J. (1982):

Rotational delivery of the fetus: Kielland's forceps and two other methods compared. *Br. J. Obstet. Gynaecol.* 89: 501.

Herbert, W.N.P.; Owen, H.G.; Collins, M.L. (1988):

Autologous blood storage in obstetrics. *Obstet. Gynecol.* 72: 166.

Hibbard, B.M. (1988):

Mechanism and management of normal labour. Principles of obstetrics, 1st edition 449.

Hogerzeil, H.V.; Walker, G.J.A.; deGoeje, M.J. (1993):

Stability of injectable oxytocics in tropical climates. Geneva. World Health organization.

Howell, R.J.S. (1986):

Haemorrhage from the placental site. Clinics in obstetrics and gynecology 13 (3): 633.

Howie, P.W.; Cole, R.A.; Macnaughton, M.C. (1979):

Induction of labour and postpartum haemorrhage. Br. Med. J., 1:109.

Huey, J.R. (1979):

Monitoring of uterine activity. Clinics in obstetrics and gynaecology 6(2): 315.

Inman, W.H.W. (1991):

Report on current PEM studies: drugs for peptic ulcer or reflux. Preser Event monitor News, 7:32-4.

Iwamura, S. and Kambegawa, A. (1981):

Determination of methylergometrine and Dihydroergonovine in biological fluids. J. Pharm. Dyn. 4: 275-281.

Jaameri, K.; Jahkola, A.; Perttu, J. (1966):

On shivering in association with normal delivery. Acta Obstet. Gynecol., Scand, 45: 383-388.

Jain, J.K. and Mishell, D.J. (1994):

A comparison of intravaginal misoprostol with prostaglandin E2 for termination of second trimester pregnancy. N. Engl. J. Med., 331: 290-293.

Joupilla, P. (1995):

Postpartum hemorrhage, Curr Opin. Obstet. Gynaecol., 7: 446-450.

Karim, A. (1987):

Antiulcer prostaglandin misoprostol: Single and multiple dose pharmacokinetic profile. Prostaglandins, 3 (Suppl) : 40-50.

Kararli, T.T.; Catalano, T.; Needham, T.E.; Einnegan, P.M. (1991):

Mechanism of misoprostol stabilization in hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. Adv. Exp. Med. Biol., 302: 275-289.

Karim, A. et al. (1988):

Pharmacokinetic profile of antiulcer prostaglandin misoprostol in human (abstract). Postgraduate Med. J.; 64 (Suppl. 1): 80.

Karim, A. et al. (1989):

Effect of food and anatacid on oral absorption of misoprostol a synthetic prostaglandin E1 analogue. J. Clin. Pharmacol; 29: 439-43.

Kase, N.G. (1983):

Priciples and practice of clinical gynecology. A wiley medical publication. New York, Chichester. Brigsane. Toronto, Singapora, P. 91-110.

Keirse, M.J.N.C.; Renfew, M.J.; Neilson, J.P.; Crowther, C. (1995):

Pregnancy and child birth module. Editors, Cochrane Database of systematic reviews. The cochrane Collaboration. Issue 2. Oxford: update software: Reviews No. 2974, 2999, 5352.

Laurence, D.R. and Bennett, P.N. (1987):

Clinical pharmacology textbook, sixth edition.

Leake, R.D.; Weitzman, R.E. and Fisher, D.A. (1980):

Pharmacokinetic of oxytocin in the human subject. Obstet. Gynecol. 65: 701.

Liao, J.K.; Cockril, B.A.; Yurchak, P.M. (1991):

Acute myocardial infarction after ergonovine administration for uterine bleeding. Am. J. Cardiol, 68: 823-824.

Mantyla, R. and Kanto, J. (1981):

Clinical pharmacokinetics of methylergometrine (methylergonovine). *Int. J. Clin. Pharmacol. Ther. Toxicol.* 19(9): 386-391.

Margoulies, M.; Perez, C.G.; Voto, L.S. (1992):

Misoprostol to induce labor. *Lancet*, 339-64.

McDonald, S.; Prendiville, W. and Blair, E. (1993):

Randomized controlled trial of oxytocin alone versus oxytocin and ergometrine in active management of third stage of labour. *B.M.J.*, 304: 1167-1171.

Mitchell, G.; Elbourne, D.E.; Shurst, H.A and Ibrahim, G. (1993):

The salford third stage trial: oxytocin plus ergometrine versus oxytocin alone in active management of the third stage of labour. *On line J. Current Clin. Trials*, August 13.

Moodie, J.E. and Moir, D.D. (1979):

British J. anaesth. 48: 571, 1976. Cited from practical obstetric problems, 5th ed. Liodyluke.

Moore, W.M.O. (1977):

The conduct of the second stage. Benefits and hazards of the new obstetrics edited by chard T and Richards M. Larenham, Suffolk. P. 116-125. Quoted from Thacker S.B. and Banta H.D. (1983): Benefits and risks of episiotomy. *Obstet. and Gynaecol. Survey*, 38 (6):322.

Newton, M.; Mosey, L.M.; Egli, G.E.; Giffod, W.B. and Hull, C.T. (1961):

Blood loss during and immediately after delivery. *Obstet. Gynaecol.* 17-9.

Nieminen, U.; Jarvirne, P.A. (1963):

A comparative study of different medical treatments of the third stage of labor. *Ann. Chir. Gynaecol.*, 53: 424-429.

Norman, J.E.; Thong, K.J. and Baird, D.T. (1991):

Uterine contractility and induction of abortion in early pregnancy by misoprostol and mifepristone. *Lancet*, 338: 1233-6.

Nugteren, D.H.; Beerthuis and Van Drop, D.A. (1966a):

The enzymatic conversion of all-cis, 8-11-14 eicosa-trienoic acid into PGE₁ recueil des travaux chimiques des pays Bas, 85 : 405-419.

Ott, W.J. (1975):

Vacuum extraction (Review). Obstet. Gynaecol. Survey 30: 643.

Pauerstein, C.J. (1987):

Normal labour. Clinical obstetrics, Carl J. Pauerstein 1st edition by John Wiley and Sons Inc.: 137.

Physicians' Desk Reference, 44th edition, (1990):

Publisher EDWARD BARNHART.

Prendiville, W.; Elbourne, D. and Chalmers, I. (1988):

The effects of routine oxytocic administration in the management of the third stage of labour. An overview of the evidence from controlled trials. Br. J. Obstet. Gynaecol., 95:3.

Prendiville, W.L.; Harding, J.E.; Elbourne, D.R. and Stirrat, G.M. (1988):

The bristol third stage trial: active versus physiological management of third stage of labour. B. M. J., 297: 1295-1300.

Prindiville, W.; Elbourne, D. (1989):

Care during third stage of labor. In: Chalmers I., Enkin M., Keirse MJNC.; editors. Effective care in pregnancy and child birth. Oxford University Press, 1145-1169.

Pritchard, J.A. and MacDonald, P.C. (1985):

Physiology of labor, William's obstetrics, 17th ed. New York, Appleton century crofts Norwalk, Connecticut, 295.

Ramwell, P.W.; Foegn, M.; Loeb, R.; Leovey, E.M.K. (1980):

Synthesis and metabolism of prostaglandins, prostacyclins and thromboxane: the arachidonic acid cuscade, Seminars perinatal 4:3.

- Rantam, S.S. and Prasad, R.M.V. (1990):**
Medical management of abnormal pregnancy Bailliere's clinic. Obst. Gyn. 4:361-374.
- Report on Confidential Enquiries Into Maternal deaths in the united kirgdome (1991-1993):**
London, HMSO, 1996: 20-31.
- Reddy, V.V. and Carey, J.C. (1989):**
Effect of umbilical vein oxytocin on puerperal blood loss and length of the third stage of labor. Am. J. Obstet. Gynaecol. 160: 206.
- Ringrose, C.A.D. (1962):**
The obstetrical use of ergot. Can. Med. Assoc. J., 87: 712-714.
- Robert's W.E. (1995):**
Emergent obstetric management of postpartum haemorrhage. Obstet., Gynecol. Clin. North. Am., 22: 283-302.
- Schoenhard, G. et al. (1985):**
Metabolism and pharmacokinetic studies of misoprostol. Dig. Dis. Sci. 1985: 30 (Suppl.): 126-128.
- Secher, N.J.; Arnso, P.; Wallin, L. (1978):**
Haemodynamic effects of oxytocin (syntocinon) and methyl ergometrine (methergin) on the systemic and pulmonary circulations of pregnant anaesthetized women. Acta. Obstet. Gynaecol. Scand. 57: 97.
- Sellers, S.M.; Hodgson, H.T.; Mountford, L.A.; Mitchell, M.D.; Anderson, A.B. and Turnbull, A.C. (1981):**
Is oxytocin involved in parturition? Br. J. Obstet. Gynaecol. 88: 725.
- Sellers, S.M.; Hodyson, H.T.; Mitchell, M.D.; Anderson, A.B. and Turnbull, A.C. (1982):**
Raised prostaglandin levels in the third stage of labor. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 114(2): 209.
- Spencer, P.M.; Filegner, J.R.; Hibbard, B.M. (1966):**
Management of third stage of labour. Br. Med. J.; 2: 622.

- Speroff, L.; Glass, R.H. and Kase, N.C. (1983):**
Clinical Gynecologic Endocrinology and infertility. Third edition. Williams and Wilkins.
Baltimore/ London: P. 307-333.
- Steer, P.J.; Carter, M.C.; Gordon, A.J. and Beard, R.W. (1978):**
The use of catheter-tip pressure transducers for the measurement of intrauterine pressure in labour. British Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology 85: 561.
- Stones, R.W.; Paterson, C.M. and Saunders, N.S.T.G. (1993):**
Risk factors for major obstetric haemorrhage. Eur. J. Obstet. Gynecol. Reported Biol., 48: 15-18.
- Studd, J. (1985):**
Management of labour. 1st edition, oxford, London, Edinburgh, Blackwell Scientific Publication, 288.
- Tanbo, T.G. and Bungum, L. (1987):**
The grand multipara-maternal and neonatal complications. Obstet. Gynaecol. 66: 53.
- Tappozada, M.; El-Bossati, M.; El-Rahman, H.A.; Shams El-Din, A.H. (1981):**
Control of intractable atonic postpartum haemorrhage by 15-methyl prostaglandin F2 α . Obstet. Gynaecol. 1981; 58: 327-330.
- Tappozada, M.K.; Anwar, M.Y.M.; Hassan, H.A.; El-Gaznerly, W.S. (1997):**
Oral or vaginal misoprostol for induction of labour. Int. J. Gyn. Obst. 56: 135-139.
- Taylor, G.J.; Cohen, B. (1985):**
Ergonovine induced coronary artery spasm and myocardial infarction after normal delivery. Obstet. Gynaecol., 66: 821-822.
- Theabald, G.W. (1968):**
Oxytocin reassessed obstet. Gynaecol., Surv. Cited from clinical obstetrics Carl. J. 23: 109.

Theobald, G.W.; Graham, A.; Campbell, J.; Gange, P.D. and Driscoll, W.T. (1987):

The use of posterior pituitary extract in physiological amounts in obstetrics; a preliminary report. Br. Med. J. 2: 123, 1948 Cited from clinical obstetrics, Carl. J. Puerstein.

Thornton, S.; Pavison, J.M.; Baylis, P.H. (1988):

Plasma oxytocin during third stage of labor: Comparison of natural and active management. Br. Med. J. (Clin. Res.) 297: 167.

Van-Coever den-de-Groot, H.A.; Howland, R.C.; Vader, C.G. (1982):

Management of the third stage of labor in the midwife obstetric units in cape town. S. Afr. Med. J. 62 (14): P. 478.

Walker, J. (1974):

Complete perineal Incision for delivery. South Med. J. 67: 265.

Whally, P.J.; Pritchard, J.A. (1989):

Oxytocin and water intoxication. JAMA 186: 601, 1963. Cited from williams obstetrics 18th ed.

Willmot, H.G. (1980):

Too many episiotomies-midwives chron. Nurs. Notes, 93: 46.

Yeun, P.M.; Chan, N.S.T.; Yim, S.F. and Chang, A.M.Z. (1995):

A randomized double blind comparison of syntometrine and syntocinon in the management of the third stage of labour. Br. J. Obstet. Gynaecol., 102: 377-380.

Ziel, H.A. (1962):

Grand mutliparity. Its obstetric implications. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 84: 1427.

Zieman, M.; Fond, S.K.; Benowitz, N.L.; Banskter, D. and Darney, P.D. (1997):

Absorption kinetics of misoprostol with oral or vaginal administration. Obstet. Gynaecol., 90 (1): 88-92.