

S U M M A R Y

The first part of this thesis is a review anatomy & physiology of the eyelids and a historical review of the management of the different types of ectropion followed by a review of the ophthalmic literature as regards to the aetiological classifications and the proper management of each type of ectropion.

The second part of this thesis includes a study of eighty cases of different types of ectropion i.e. senile, cicatricial, paralytic and mechanical types.

This study aimed at determining

1. The frequency of each type among our patients.
2. The incidence of each type in different age groups.
3. The aetiology and pathogenesis of the different types.
4. The associated complications of each type.
5. The proper lines of treatment for each type of ectropion.

Our study deals with briefly with the aetiology and development of each type of ectropion and the most frequent associated complications which are epiphora, lagophthalmos, chronic conjunctivitis, blepharitis and seborrheic changes of the lid and the most

dangerous complications of corneal affection.

As regards the management of ectropion medical and surgical measures were studied. Different operations have been performed for the treatment of various types in order to assess the best lines of treatment to be followed.