## In The Name of Allah The Gracious, The Most Merciful

## SUMMARY OF THE RESEARCH

Praise to God, Lord of all cretures. Peace and prayers be upon his

horest prophet Mohammad and his great fellows:

Since the early days, the subjects of Arabic Grammar have been about its different issues and topics, thousands of researches - in this fieldhave been presented to Egyptian as well as foreign universities. Most of these researches adopted the theoritical aspect in the study whereas few of them adopted the applied aspect.

The Importance of the Study:

Recently, grammatical and linguistic studies have developed so greatly that these studies have gone hand in hand with practical studies in different sciences as regardess its progress and development. Here comes the importance of the study where it takes the latest theory in the field of linguistic studies as its basis, i.e, the transformational generative grammar. The study applies this theory on the nominal structures in the poetry of the northern emigration. The study in this respect is unpreceeded as far as the researcher knows.

The Method of the Study:

The nature of this research necessitated the use of the analytic method.

\* The research plan:

The research plan is summarized in an introduction, a preface, two sections and a conclusion. As for the preface; I assigned it to speak about the movement of migration, its start and its reasons, the cultural and intellectual movement of the Arab imigrants, their foundation of Al Rabitah Al-Kalamiah and their issuing of Al-Rabitah Al-Kalamiah group in 1921. The second part of the preface is assigned to speak about the sentence and poetry.

Concerning the first section:

I assigned it to the theoritical study and it includes a preface and two chapters. In the preface I speak about the linguistic trends in the late ninteenth and the early twentieth centuries.

- In the first chapter: I tackle the most important approaches and schools of linguistic analysis before chomeskey starting with "De Saussure" and his school of "structuralism" and passing by the "Bragh", "Kobenhagen" and "London" schools. Lalso deal with the "Tagmemic Approach" and the approach of analysis into immediate constituents.
- The second chapter: Is devided into two parts. The first of them deals with Chomeskey and his transformational generative theory. I speak about its beginning, stages of development and the important rules. In the second part, I speak about Chomeskey's theory and its connection with the Arabic Language grammar.
- The second section: Is assigned to the applied study and it includes a preface and two chapters. In the prefeace, I speak about the noun clause generally. In the first chapter, I tackle the simple noun clause and the analysis of its types of usual arrangement or those rearranged or the types in which one of components is omitted. The negative and interrogative types are also tackled.
- The second chapter: Is assigned to the study and analysis of all the types of complex noun clause that extended to twenty types in addition to the types of rearrangement, deletion, negation and interrogation. The conclusion includes the research extract and most important findings.

Findings of the Research:

The most important findings of the research are summarized as follows:

- 1- The use of emigration poets of the simple noun clause exceeded their use of the complex noun clause where the qoutations of the simple sentence reached 947, whereas the qoutations of the complex sentence reached 619; nearly two thirds.
- 2- Their use of the sentences of usual natural arrangement (rheme ---> theme) in both simple and complex sentences exceeded their use of all other types of noun clauses.
- 3- Their use of rheme (subject of a nominal clause) as a pronoun exceeded their use of it as an apparent noun in both simple and complex sentences.

- 4- Their use of theme (predicate of a nominal clause) as a verb clause exceeded their use of it as a noun clause.
- 5- Emigration poets' structures were of standard to a great extent. Their exceedings and choices were also of standard and were done within the limits of arabic language.
- 6- The rules of the transformational generative theory are suitable for modifying and analysing the arabic language just exactly as the other languages, but they need more efforts of the linguistics to make them more fitting and suitable for the arabic language.

The Researcher

## NORTHERN EMIGRATION PEGENY-SYNTACTIC STUDY (Noun Chause)

Research for attaining the Ph.D. in Literature Dep. of Arabic Language "Grammar and Morphology"

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