

CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
AIM OF THE WORK	
INTRODUCTION	1
<i>A) Introduction to the Chemistry of Curcumin</i>	1
1- Introduction and Scope	1
2- Synthesis of curcuminoide derivatives	2
3- Chemical properties	13
3.1. Hydrazinocurcumin (HC) formation	13
3.2. isoxazole analogue	15
3.3. Acylation and related compounds	15
3.4. Alkylation	17
3.5. Hydrogenation	20
<i>B) Corrosion Theory and Corrosion Protection</i>	26
1. Historical overview on corrosion	26
2- Corrosion and prevention	26
3- Methods used for studying the rate of corrosion	28
3.1- Non-electrochemical methods	28
3.2- Electrochemical methods	28
4- Dezincification	28
5- Literature Survey on Corrosion of α-Brass	30
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	43

PART (I)	43
Design and synthesis of aromatic enone and dienone analogues of curcumin	43
Conclusion	63
Figures	64
PART (II)	99
<i>Corrosion Effect</i>	99
1. Chemical technique (weight loss method):	99
2. Adsorption isotherms	107
3. Effect of temperature on the corrosion inhibition of α -brass by different organic additives	110
4. Synergistic effect	121
5. Effect of substituted groups	131
6. Electrochemical technique	132
6.1 Galvanostatic polarization technique	132
6.2. Adsorption Isotherms	142
6.3. Chemical structure and corrosion inhibition of α -brass	144
EXPERIMENTAL	148
REFERENCES	170
ENGLISH SUMMARY	I
ARABIC SUMMARY	\