
Gastric lesions in portal hypertension in bilharzial hepatic fibrosis

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studied 40 cases with recurrent gastrointestinal bleeding due to esophageal varices in bilharzial hepatic fibrosis. Our cases were selected from Banha University Hospital. We divided the cases into two groups; 1) 20 patients with bilharzial hepatic fibrosis without sclerotherapy (19 male and one female) Their age ranged from 22-65 years with the mean of 39.5 • 2) 20 patients with bilharzial hepatic fibrosis after sclerotherapy (all of them females) Their age ranged from 28 - 64 with the mean of 46.5. All patients examined clinically and endoscopically, biopsies were taken from their stomach. From history and clinical examination, all patients were presenting by upper gastro-intestinal symptoms. Our cases were subjected to thorough history taking and medical examination. Routine laboratory investigations were performed.