

# An analytical Study of some Agricultural Economic Development Projects in the Country of Egypt

The small core of the large projects and is also the basis for Heavy Industries and depend upon the view of the process of direct investments with the passage of the global economy with many twists, turns, which is in recession, inflation and the global recession and high unemployment rates in developing countries and advanced economies alike turned the whole world to take care of projects Small, but a salvation has devoted her specific strategies of different countries in terms of investment, employment and management needed to survive. The project is raising honey bees in agricultural projects and the important economic and can be considered successful projects which does not require a large capital at the same time a source of per capita income and national income and is characterized by Egypt fitting climate and provide a suitable environment for bees from the agricultural land surrounding Mounahal. The industry is a white cheese of important economic activities in the field of agriculture and industry in the Republic as it is a good way to save the liquid milk from damage and corruption, which are subjected to the milk changes, making it unusable and cheese white high nutritional value because it contains most of the compounds important in the milk and is a problem in the study sought to assess the economic efficiency of most of the existing projects in the governorate of Qalyubia through re-evaluation of the economic performance of these projects to determine the net return achieved for these projects in order to raise the efficiency of investment in this vital area. As industry is carpets of important economic activities in the field of handicrafts at the level of the Republic and the carpet hand-fashioned small problems that are offset from the lack of skilled labor and the problems of funding and level of technological and marketing problems and for the study of carpets in Qaliubiya The study showed that the average number of employees of the entity is 13 per capita and that of workers in this industry it takes their time entirely in the industry, which confirms that the industry competing with agricultural activity to get the work item which is the very nature of competition with agricultural activity in terms of absorption of the work item and the study aimed to shed light - in general - on some economic aspects of the production of carpets in an attempt to identify the high cost of productivity and estimate the actual costs of production in order to evaluate the profitability of the project, either through financial evaluation of projects or through the evaluation performance piece, or both, as the research aims to give a true picture of projects similar in order to facilitate decision-making appropriate investment for agricultural projects in general and in the production of honey bees and the production of cheese and hand-made carpet and includes the study of six sections in addition to the forefront of containing the problem of the study and its objectives and the way in research, data sources and deals with the door the first review of reference for the most important findings of previous studies as a starting point in each study the Part II include the current economic situation for the production of honey, cheese and white carpets in Egypt and Qaliubiya during the study period. Problem of the study: The view of many economists that focus on small projects is a typical solution is to get out of economic recession. Especially if encouraged and supported. And suffer the developing countries in general and Egypt in particular the problems of unemployment, which reached 8.8% of the total labor force in Egypt in 2008 so it was the trend towards small enterprises as a means to resolve the

problem of unemployment, which reflects the importance of small projects for the Egyptian economy, and in the recent state tried hard preparation of a national program to encourage the establishment of small enterprises and to overcome the obstacles faced by these projects, especially that small projects are labor intensive and require a limited investment, and given the exposed these projects of the problems and pitfalls the necessary study of some of these projects and identify-effectiveness of and problems and ways of overcoming these problems and obstacles they face. Objectives of the study: The study aims primarily to identify the impact of small projects in rural Egypt on rural development through the following sub-goals: 1 - Identify the most important development projects in rural Brief Egypt. 2 - Determination of the efficiency of small projects under study through the appreciation of the standard production functions and cost functions and determine the size that maximizes profit and the size unapproachable costs and financial evaluation of projects for rural income from small enterprises in rural Egypt. 3 - identify the most important variables affecting the revenues of small projects studied. 4 - identify the most important problems facing small-scale industry projects and try to find solutions to them. Research method and data sources: The study relied on methods of economic analysis, descriptive and quantitative data necessary to analyze and express economic relations with many measures used, such as multi-phased approach gradient in addition to the standard non-discounted used in financial analysis for small enterprises in rural Egypt. As for sources of data have adopted the study on two sources of data: 1 - secondary data from official sources from the Ministry of Agriculture and support center information. 2 - Preliminary data from a random sample Qaliubiya central province Tokh and milk. Plan of study: The study includes five major sections in addition to the Introduction (contains research problem - and the aim of the research - the search method - and the sources of data collection) and also contain a summary in Arabic and in English as well as summary and appendices and references. The first section includes two chapters dealing with the first chapter the theoretical framework for the study and Chapter Summary -4-II of reference for the review of the most important findings of previous studies as a starting point in each study. Part II also addresses the current economic situation for the production of honey, cheese and white carpets Qaliubiya province. Part III addressed the method of drawing the sample and how to choose the centers of villages and the distribution of the sample and the sample size selected townships and villages in the selected sample. It also includes Section IV to study the statistical analysis of production functions and functions costs for a sample of the study, and divided this section into two classes first in examining the statistical analysis of production functions for small projects under consideration and Chapter II includes the study of statistical analysis functions, the costs of small projects under consideration and also examine the structure of the terms of the total costs of the generating unit of study projects. Part V deals with the evaluation of performance and profitability criteria for projects selected and the study concluded the study supplements the study included the conclusion and references in Arabic and another in English.