
uses of organic azides in organic synthesis

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-4-(p-Methoxy-benzylidene) 2-phenyl-1-imidazolono -acetic acidazide (3a) and 4-(p-methoxy-benzylidene) 2-(p-methoxy-phenyl)-1-imidazolono-acetic acid azide (3b) were newly prepared from the corresponding acid chlorides. Imidazolone which is a part of the azides have been found to be associated with several pharmacological activities (175,178) as well as the herbicidal activities of diaryl ureas (179), so it is planned to study the biological activity of some of the synthesized compounds. The present investigation deals with the preparation of organic compound via the decomposition reactions of azides (3a & b) under different conditions (base-, acid- and neutral-catalyzed decomposition). Azides (3a and 3b) underwent base catalyzed decomposition with aromatic amines to give the corresponding anilides (4a - f) via azido group displacement. However azides (3a and/or 3b) underwent base catalyzed decomposition with amino benzoic acids to give the corresponding ureas derivatives (5a - d) via Curtius rearrangement. On the other hand catalyzed decomposition of azide (3a) with hydrazines and aryl hydrazines gave the corresponding hydrazides (8a,b) and aryl hydrazides (8c-e) respectively via azido group. When aryl hydrazides (8c-e) were refluxed in acetic anhydride it was easily cyclized to the corresponding oxadiazole derivatives (9a-c). However azide (3b) underwent base-catalyzed decomposition with hydrazine hydrate and/or phenyl hydrazine to give the corresponding semicarbazides (10a and 10b) via Curtius rearrangement. Decomposition of azides (3a and/or 3b) with glycine gave oxazolinone derivatives (12a and 12b) respectively, via azido group displacement. Decomposition of azides (3a & b) in neutral medium (water) gave the corresponding sym, diaryl ureas (13a and 13b) via Curtius rearrangement. Lewis acid - catalyzed decomposition of azide (3a) with anhydrous AlCl₃ in benzene gave methylamino-N-benzoyl derivatives (14) via Curtius rearrangement. On the other hand azide (3b) under Lewis acid catalyzed decomposition of azide (3b) with anhydrous AlCl₃ in benzene to give the corresponding ketone (15) via azido group displacement. Acid chloride (2a) underwent internal Friedel Craft reaction in the presence of anhydrous AlCl₃ in tetra chloro-ethane to give isquinoline derivative (16). Also acid chloride (2a) reacted with ammonium thiocyanate in dry acetone to give isothiocyanate derivative (17) which when treated with arylidene - arylamine it gave the corresponding oxadiazine thione derivatives (18a - c). Some of the synthesized compounds were tested toward (*Bacillus subtilis*, *Bacillus megaterium*, *Aspergillus* sp. and *Penicillium* sp.) . The structure of the synthesized compounds were proved by infrared spectra and elemental analysis in Cairo University . Mass spectra and ¹H.N.M.R of the some

synthesized compound were also investigated.